Stock Code: 9910

FENG TAY ENTERPRISES COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Statements

With Independent Auditors' Report For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

Address: No. 52, Kegong 8th Road, Douliu City, Yunlin County

Telephone: (05)537-9100

Table of contents

		Contents	Page
	l. Cove	er Page	1
2	2. Tabl	e of Contents	2
<u> </u>	3. Repi	resentation Letter	3
4	4. Inde	pendent Auditors' Report	4
	5. Cons	solidated Balance Sheets	5
(6. Cons	solidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	6
,	7. Cons	solidated Statements of Changes in Equity	7
8	3. Cons	solidated Statements of Cash Flows	8
9	9. Note	s to the Consolidated Financial Statements	
	(1)	Company history	9
	(2)	Approval date and procedures of the consolidated financial statements	9
	(3)	New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted	9~11
	(4)	Summary of material accounting policies	11~27
	(5)	Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty	27
	(6)	Explanation of significant accounts	27~59
	(7)	Related-party transactions	59~60
	(8)	Pledged assets	60
	(9)	Commitments and contingencies	61
	(10)	Losses Due to Major Disasters	61
	(11)	Subsequent Events	61
	(12)	Others	61
	(13)	Other disclosures	
		(a) Information on significant transactions	$62 \sim 71$
		(b) Information on investment	$71 \sim 73$
		(c) Information on investment in mainland China	$73 \sim 75$
		(d) Major shareholders	75
	(14)	Segment information	75~77

Representation Letter

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of Feng Tay Enterprises Company Limited as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024 under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports, and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10 by the Financial Supervisory Commission, "Consolidated Financial Statements." In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, Feng Tay Enterprises Company Limited and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Company name: Feng Tay Enterprises Company Limited

Chairman: Chien - Hung Wang

Date: March 7, 2025



安保建業符合會計師事務的 KPMG

台北市110615信義路5段7號68樓(台北101大樓) 68F., TAIPEI 101 TOWER, No. 7, Sec. 5, Xinyi Road, Taipei City 110615, Taiwan (R.O.C.) 電 話 Tel + 886 2 8101 6666 傳 真 Fax + 886 2 8101 6667 網 址 Web kpmg.com/tw

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of The Group:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Feng Tay Enterprises Company Limited and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), International Accounting Standards ("IASs"), Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") or the former Standing Interpretations Committee ("SIC") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

1. Revenue recognition

Please refer to Note (4)(0) of the consolidated financial statements for details of the accounting policies on revenue recognition. Please refer to Note (6)(q) of the consolidated financial statements for details of type of operating revenue.



Description of the key auditor matter:

Feng Tay Enterprises Company Limited principally engages in the production and sale of athletic shoes, and its sales revenues are mainly composed of export revenues. On the one hand, transaction terms and conditions impact the timing of revenue recognition for exports. On the other hand, the transfer of control over goods involves uncertainty. Accordingly, the accuracy of timing of revenue recognition has significant influence on consolidated financial statements. Therefore, we considered revenue recognition for sales before and after the balance sheet date to be a key audit matter.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

In relation to the key audit matter above, our key audit procedures include assessing whether the internal control related to sales revenue recognized by the Group. was appropriate by testing internal control, so as to ascertain the execution and effectiveness thereof; testing export revenues by sampling relevant documents, so as to verify the accuracy of revenue recognition for exports; performing cut-off tests for revenue recognition for transactions in a sufficient period before and after the reporting date, so as to assess whether the timing of revenue recognition for sales was reasonable.

Other Matter

Feng Tay Enterprises Company Limited has additionally prepared its parent-company-only financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, on which we have issued an unmodified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs, IASs, interpretation as well as related guidance endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing Feng Tay Enterprises Company Limited's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Kuo, Rou-Lan and Lien, Shu-Ling.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) March 7, 2025

Notes to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated statement of financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

FENG TAY ENTERPRISES COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Balance Sheets

December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		De	ecember 31, 202	4	December 31, 202	23	January 1, 202 (Restatement)				D	ecember 31, 202	4	December 31, 2023	3	January 1, 2023 (Restatement)	
	Assets		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%		Liabilities and Equity		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
	Current assets:									Current liabilities:							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (Notes (6)(a) and (n))	\$	5,140,543	9	3,858,842	8	5,573,482	11	2100	Short-term borrowings (Note (6)(j))	\$	2,983,008	5	2,250,109	5	435,372	1
1170	Accounts receivable (Notes (6)(b) and (q))		8,118,995	15	8,138,765	16	8,772,178	17	2130	Current contract liabilities (Note (6)(q))		1,141	-	999	-	317	-
1180	Accounts receivable due from related parties, net								2170	Notes and accounts payable		4,131,129	8	4,256,055	9	3,941,237	8
	(Notes $(6)(b)$ and (q))		-	-	-	-	21,146	-	2200	Other payables		5,630,757	10	5,250,463	10	6,442,332	12
1200	Other receivables (Note (7))		915,173	2	772,084	2	442,193	1	2230	Current tax liabilities		944,396	2	1,725,252	3	2,593,834	5
1220	Current tax assets		514,210	1	309,550	-	187,379	-	2280	Current lease liabilities (Note (6)(l))		39,408	-	31,952	-	34,934	-
130X	Inventories (Note (6)(c))		9,237,855	17	8,578,013	17	9,104,194	18	2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion (Note (6)(k))		-	-	57,679	-	14,481	-
1476	Other current financial assets (Note (8))		956	-	1,362	-	1,364	-	2399	Other current liabilities, others		43,842	-	44,024	-	36,328	-
1479	Other current assets, others		957,965	2	947,131	2	1,078,973	2		Total current liabilities		13,773,681	25	13,616,533	27	13,498,835	26
	Total current assets		24,885,697	46	22,605,747	45	25,180,909	49		Non-Current liabilities:							
	Non-current assets:								2540	Long-term borrowings (Note (6)(k))		3,397,663	6	3,451,540	7	2,511,012	5
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method (Note (6)(d))		1,316,221	2	1,080,014	2	1,051,389	2	2570	Deferred tax liabilities (Note (6)(n))		3,641,904	7	3,560,853	7	3,827,503	8
1600	Property, plant and equipment (Note (6)(f))		23,215,335	43	21,952,247	43	20,704,257	40	2580	Non-current lease liabilities (Note (6)(1))		577,463	1	515,667	1	549,238	1
1755	Right-of-use assets (Note (6)(g))		1,768,461	3	1,683,217	3	1,764,171	4	2640	Non-current net defined benefit liability (Note (6)(m))		3,935,182	7	4,226,913	9	3,839,586	8
1760	Investment property, net (Note (6)(h))		56,728	-	70,149	-	68,679	-	2670	Other non-current liabilities, others		238,007	_	220,586	_	210,266	_
1780	Intangible assets (Note (6)(i))		459,452	1	423,698	1	420,583	1		Total non-current liabilities		11,790,219	21	11,975,559	24	10,937,605	22
1840	Deferred tax assets (Note (6)(n))		1,814,594	3	1,800,863	4	1,409,418	3		Total liabilities		25,563,900	46	25,592,092	51	24,436,440	48
1980	Other non-current financial assets (Note (8))		103,172	-	102,622	-	84,422	-		Equity attributable to owners of parent (Note (6)(0)):				. , ,	<u> </u>	, ,	
1990	Other non-current assets, others		773,122	2	928,366	2	626,539	1	3110	Total capital stock		9,874,828	18	9,874,828	19	8,816,811	17
	Total non-current assets		29,507,085	54	28,041,176	55	26,129,458	51	3200	Capital surplus		49,085	-	53,750	-	51,160	_
										Retained earnings:		.,,,,,,,,		22,,,2		,	
									3310	Legal reserve		6,979,145	13	6,476,443	13	5,577,243	11
									3320	Special reserve		1,127,303	2	1,053,529	2	2,559,457	5
									3350	Unappropriated retained earnings		8,449,684	16	6,829,001	13		18
									3330	Other equity interest:		0,112,001	10	0,029,001	13	9,012,212	10
									3410	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial							
									3410	statements		360,006	1	(1,127,303)	(2)	(1,053,529)	(2)
										Total equity attributable to owners of parent:		26,840,051	50	23,160,248	45	24,993,354	49
									36XX	Non-controlling interests		1,988,831	4	1,894,583	4	1,880,573	3
										Total equity		28,828,882	54	25,054,831	49	26,873,927	52
	Total assets	s	54,392,782	100	50,646,923	100	51,310,367	100		Total liabilities and equity	<u> </u>	54,392,782	100	50,646,923	100		100
			,		,0,0	=======================================	,0-10,007				~	,,				,	

FENG TAY ENTERPRISES COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Common Share)

			2024		2023	
		_	Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Operating revenues (Notes (6)(q) and (7))	\$	87,487,470	100	85,767,264	100
5000	Operating costs (Note (6)(c))		(67,674,019)	(77)	(67,991,313)	(79)
	Gross profit from operations		19,813,451	23	17,775,951	21
	Operating expenses:					
6100	Selling and administrative expenses		(9,461,142)	(11)	(8,514,539)	(10)
6300	Research and development expenses		(2,961,244)	(3)	(2,677,760)	<u>(3</u>)
	Total operating expenses		(12,422,386)	(14)	(11,192,299)	(13)
	Net operating income	_	7,391,065	9	6,583,652	8
	Non-operating income and expenses:		, ,			
7100	Interest income (Note $(6)(s)$)		75,927	_	122,398	_
7010	Other income (Notes (6)(s) and (7))		464,371	_	404,944	_
7020	Other gains and losses, net (Notes (6)(s) and (7))		775,581	1	144,954	_
7050	Financial costs (Note (6)(s))		(283,973)	_	(252,120)	_
7060	Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity		(===,,,,,,)		(===,===)	
, 000	method (Note (6)(d))		159,075	_	77,251	_
	Total non-operating income and expenses	_	1,190,981	1	497,427	
	Profit from continuing operations before tax	_	8,582,046	10	7,081,079	8
7950	Income tax expenses (Note (6)(n))		(2,316,489)	(3)	(1,635,142)	<u>(2)</u>
,,,,,	Net profit	_	6,265,557	7	5,445,937	6
	Other comprehensive income:	_	0,200,007		<u> </u>	
8310	Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
8311	Gains on remeasurements of defined benefit plans		716,223	1	30,932	_
8320	Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates and joint		710,225	1	30,732	
0320	ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other					
	comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		2,480	_	(2,378)	_
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive (loss) income					
	that will may not be reclassified to profit (Note (6)(n))		(146,093)		10,923	
	Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	_	572,610	1	39,477	
8360	Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements		1,599,085	2	(87,760)	-
8399	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive loss that will					
	may be reclassified to profit or loss (Note (6)(n))	_	(6,332)		135	
	Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	_	1,592,753	2	(87,625)	
	Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	2,165,363	3	(48,148)	
8500	Total comprehensive income	\$_	8,430,920	10	5,397,789	6
	Net profit, attributable to:	_				
8610	Net profit, attributable to owners of parent	\$	5,869,538	7	4,974,908	5
8620	Net profit, attributable to non-controlling interests	_	396,019		471,029	1
		\$_	6,265,557	7	5,445,937	6
	Comprehensive income attributable to:	_				
8710	Comprehensive income, attributable to owners of parent	\$	7,930,644	8	4,953,248	5
8720	Comprehensive income, attributable to non-controlling interests		500,276	2	444,541	1
		\$	8,430,920	10	5,397,789	6
	Earnings per share (Note (6)(p))	_		===		
9750	Basic earnings per share (dollars)	\$		5.94		5.04
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	=				

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

FENG TAY ENTERPRISES COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			Equity at	tributable to owners of	parent				
						Total other equity interest			
						Exchange			
	Share capital			Retained earnings		differences on translation of	Total equity		
	Ordinary shares	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	foreign financial statements	attributable to owners of parent	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$ 8,816,811	51,160	5,577,243	2,559,457	9,042,212	(1,053,529)	24,993,354	1,880,573	26,873,927
Net profit	-	-	-	-	4,974,908	-	4,974,908	471,029	5,445,937
Other comprehensive income (loss)					52,114	(73,774)	(21,660)	(26,488)	(48,148)
Total comprehensive income					5,027,022	(73,774)	4,953,248	444,541	5,397,789
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:									
Legal reserve appropriated	-	-	899,200	-	(899,200)	-	-	-	-
Reversal of special reserve	-	-	-	(1,505,928)	1,505,928	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends of ordinary share	-	-	-	-	(6,788,944)	-	(6,788,944)	-	(6,788,944)
Stock dividends of ordinary share	1,058,017	-	-	-	(1,058,017)	-	-	-	-
Due to donated assets received	-	920	-	-	-	-	920	-	920
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or									
disposed	-	183	-	-	-	-	183	-	183
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	1,487	-	-	-	-	1,487	46,888	48,375
Changes in non-controlling interests					-	-	-	(477,419)	(477,419)
Balance on December 31, 2023	9,874,828	53,750	6,476,443	1,053,529	6,829,001	(1,127,303)	23,160,248	1,894,583	25,054,831
Net profit	-	-	-	-	5,869,538	-	5,869,538	396,019	6,265,557
Other comprehensive income	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	573,797	1,487,309	2,061,106	104,257	2,165,363
Total comprehensive income			<u> </u>	-	6,443,335	1,487,309	7,930,644	500,276	8,430,920
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:									
Legal reserve appropriated	-	-	502,702	-	(502,702)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve appropriated	-	-	-	73,774	(73,774)	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends of ordinary share	-	-	-	-	(4,246,176)	-	(4,246,176)	-	(4,246,176)
Due to donated assets received	-	1,231	-	-	-	-	1,231	-	1,231
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	(5,896)	-	-	-	-	(5,896)	9,042	3,146
Changes in non-controlling interests					-	-	-	(415,070)	(415,070)
Balance on December 31, 2024	\$9,874,828	49,085	6,979,145	1,127,303	8,449,684	360,006	26,840,051	1,988,831	28,828,882

FENG TAY ENTERPRISES COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2024	2023 (Restatement)
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:	ф	0.502.046	7 001 070
Profit before tax	\$	8,582,046	7,081,079
Adjustments: Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):			
Depreciation expense		3,093,775	2,772,768
Amortization expense		75,958	54,203
Interest expense		283,973	252,120
Interest income		(75,927)	(122,398)
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method		(159,075)	(77,251)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		32,851	37,737
Loss (profit) from lease modification		923	(1,226)
Gain on disposal of investment properties		(24,895)	-
Impairment losses		33,754	5,931
Total adjustments to reconcile profit	-	3,261,337	2,921,884
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			<i></i>
Changes in operating assets:			
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		53,722	628,363
Decrease (increase) in other receivables		(92,264)	(346,264)
Decrease (increase) in inventories		(108,717)	508,141
Decrease (increase) in other current assets, others		56,540	149,227
Decrease (increase) in other current financial assets		1,285	(20)
Total changes in operating assets		(89,434)	939,447
Changes in operating liabilities:			<u> </u>
Increase (decrease) in current contract liabilities		73	691
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable		(269,802)	352,273
Increase (decrease) in other payable		82,507	(1,072,051)
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities, others		(193)	9,381
Increase (decrease) in net defined benefit liability		196,516	452,683
Increase (decrease) in other non-current liabilities, others		3,336	10,710
Total changes in operating liabilities		12,437	(246,313)
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities		(76,997)	693,134
Total adjustments		3,184,340	3,615,018
Cash inflow generated from operations		11,766,386	10,696,097
Interest received		76,097	128,237
Interest paid		(287,904)	(247,343)
Income taxes paid		(3,336,651)	(3,430,212)
Net cash flows from operating activities		8,217,928	7,146,779
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(3,053,502)	(4,141,094)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		120,133	93,406
Acquisition of intangible assets		(107,232)	(57,045)
Proceeds from disposal of investment properties		42,817	-
Decrease (increase) in other non-current financial assets		3,790	(19,145)
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets, others		20,637	(261,730)
Dividends received		- (2.072.273)	44,761
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(2,973,357)	(4,340,847)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:		606.404	2 10 7 00 7
Increase in short-term loans		686,181	2,187,985
Proceeds from long-term borrowings		1,646,767	1,706,189
Repayments of long-term borrowings		(1,896,543)	(1,088,189)
Payment of lease liabilities		(37,740)	(35,040)
Cash dividends paid		(4,246,176)	(6,788,944)
Change in non-controlling interests		(409,848)	(477,953)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(4,257,359)	(4,495,952)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		294,489	(24,620)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,281,701	(1,714,640)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	Φ.	3,858,842	5,573,482
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ <u></u>	5,140,543	3,858,842

FENG TAY ENTERPRISES COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Otherwise Specified)

(1) Company history

Feng Tay Enterprises Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Company"), founded in 1971, is a manufacturer specialized in athletic shoes. Other business activities include developing and producing casual shoes, inline skates, ice skates, ski boots, cycling shoes, golf balls, soccer balls, backpack and handbags, ice hockey helmets and sticks, footwear accessories, as well as shoe molds and tools. The Company's common shares were listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE) on February 18, 1992. The Company has a headquarter located at the Yunlin Science and Industrial Park, wherein it conducts order management, product development, technology research, finished goods and shoe material trade, and constant cultivation of multinational management talents, while its factories of mass production are spread throughout China, Vietnam, Indonesia, and India. The consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group" and individually as "Group entities"). Please refer to note 14 for related information of the Group entities' main business activities.

(2) Approval date and procedures of the consolidated financial statements:

The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 7, 2025.

(3) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted:

(a) The impact of the IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. which have already been adopted.

The Group has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements, from January 1, 2024:

- Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current"
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants"
- Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 "Supplier Finance Arrangements"
- Amendments to IFRS 16 "Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback"
- (b) The impact of IFRS issued by the FSC but not yet effective

The Group assesses that the adoption of the following new amendments, effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2025, would not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

• Amendments to IAS21 "Lack of Exchangeability"

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) The impact of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The following new and amended standards, which may be relevant to the Group, have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), but have yet to be endorsed by the FSC:

Standards or Interpretations
IFRS 18 "Presentation and
Disclosure in Financial
Statements"

Content of amendment

The new standard introduces three categories of income and expenses, two income statement subtotals and one single note on management performance measures. The three amendments, combined with enhanced guidance on how to disaggregate information, set the stage for better and more consistent information for users, and will affect all the entities.

- A more structured income statement: under current standards, companies use different formats to present their results, making it difficult for investors to compare financial performance across companies. The new standard promotes a more structured income statement, introducing a newly defined 'operating profit' subtotal and a requirement for all income and expenses to be allocated between three new distinct categories based on a company's main business activities.
- Management performance measures (MPMs): the new standard introduces a definition for management performance measures, and requires companies to explain in a single note to the financial statements why the measure provides useful information, how it is calculated and reconcile it to an amount determined under IFRS Accounting Standards.
- Greater disaggregation of information: the new standard includes enhanced guidance on how companies group information in the financial statements. This includes guidance on whether information is included in the primary financial statements or is further disaggregated in the notes.

The Group is evaluating the impact on its consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance upon the initial adoption of the abovementioned standards or interpretations. The results thereof will be disclosed when the Group completes its evaluation.

Effective date per IASB

January 1, 2027

The Group does not expect the following other new and amended standards, which have yet to be endorsed by the FSC, to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture"
- IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" and amendments to IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"
- IFRS 19 "Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures"
- Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments"
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards—Volume 11
- Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity"

(4) Summary of material accounting policies:

The significant accounting policies presented in the consolidated financial statements are summarized below. Except for those specifically indicated, the following accounting policies were applied consistently throughout the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements

(a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (hereinafter referred to as "the Regulations") and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C..

(b) Basis of preparation

(i) Basis of measurement

Except for the defined benefit liabilities are measured at fair value of the plan assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis.

(ii) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each Group entity is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollar (TWD), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in TWD has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

(c) Basis of consolidation

(i) Principles of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group 'controls' an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. Intragroup balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from Intragroup transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. The Group attributes the profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

The Group prepares consolidated financial statements using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received will be recognized directly in equity, and the Group will attribute it to the owners of the parent.

Charabalding

(ii) List of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

			Shareh		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Description
The Company \GLO	PT Feng Tay Indonesia Enterprises	Manufactures athletic shoes, casual shoes, semi- finished footwear and footwear accessories.	100.00 %	100.00 %	PT Feng Tay Indonesia Enterprises was established in Indonesia in 1992, and has paid in capital of USD27,000,000.
The Company	Growth-Link Overseas Company Limited(GLO)	Investment holding.	100.00 %	100.00 %	Growth-Link Overseas Company Limited was established in Bermuda in 1991, and has paid in capital of USD27,513,036 (including share premium of USD27,453,036).
The Company SLO	VX Holdings Limited (VXH)	Investment holding.	92.13 %	92.13 %	VX Holdings Limited was established in British Virgin Islands in 1997, and has paid in capital of USD32,335,923 (including share premium of USD32,254,923).
The Company SLO	Dona Orient Holdings Limited (DOH)	Investment holding.	100.00 %	100.00 %	Dona Orient Holdings Limited was established in British Virgin Islands in 2003, and has paid in capital of USD111,593,053 (including share premium of USD111,483,817).
The Company SGLO	PT Rich Valley Indonesia	Manufactures athletic shoes, casual shoes, semi- finished footwear and footwear accessories.	100.00 %	100.00 %	PT Rich Valley Indonesia was established in Indonesia in 2019,and has paid in capital of USD36,431,286.
The Company	Great Eastern Industries Limited	International trade services.	100.00 %	100.00 %	Great Eastern Industries Limited, was established in Hong Kong in 2019, and has paid in capital of USD1,000,000 (including share premium of USD999,000).
The Company	Great South Private Limited	Investing holding.	100.00 %	100.00 %	Great South Private Limited was established in Singapore in 2021, and has paid in capital of SGD1,700,000.
The Company	India Tindivanam Footwear Private Limited	Manufactures athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear and footwear accessories.	95.85 %	93.60 %	India Tindivanam Footwear Private Limited was established in India in 2022, and has paid in capital of USD58,523,991.
GLO	Fujian Da Feng Holdings Company Limited(DF)	Investment holding.	70.00 %	70.00 %	Fujian Da Feng Holdings Company Limited was established in Fujian Province, China in 1993, and has paid in capital of USD27,000,000.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

			Sharehold		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	December 31, D 2024	ecember 31, 2023	Description
DF	Fujian Lifeng Footwar Industrial Development Company Limited(LF)		100.00 %		Fujian Lifeng Footwear Industrial Development Company Limited was established in Fujian Province, China in 1988, and has paid in capital of USD15,000,000.
GLO and DF	Fujian Xiefeng Footwear Company Limited	Manufactures athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear, and footwear accessories.	100.00 %	100.00 %	Fujian Xiefeng Footwear Company Limited was established in Fujian Province, China in 1989, and has paid in capital of USD15,000,000.
GLO and DF	Fujian San Feng Footwear Company Limited	Manufactures athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear, and footwear accessories.	80.00 %	80.00 %	Fujian San Feng Footwear Company Limited was established in Fujian Province, China in 1992, and has paid in capital of USD15,000,000.
GLO, DF, LF and XM	Fujian Great Hope Footwear Company Limited(GH)	Manufactures athletic shoes, casual shoes, semi- finished footwear, footwear accessories, protective gear, and other supporting products.	100.00 %	100.00 %	Fujian Great Hope Footwear Company Limited was established in Fujian Province, China in 1989, and has paid in capital of USD7,950,000.
GLO	Fujian Putian Xie Feng Mold Company Limited(XM)	Manufactures and repairs molds, cutting dies, shoe lasts, injections, and processing of metal parts.	50.34 %	50.34 %	Fujian Putian Xie Feng Mold Company Limited was established in Fujian Province, China in 1991, and has paid in capital of USD3,000,000.
LF, GH and XM	Suzhou Yufeng Plastics Technology Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and processing of plastic products.	100.00 %	100.00 %	Suzhou Yufeng Plastic Technology Co., Ltd.,was established in Jiangsu Province, China in 2009, and has paid in capital of USD2,562,738.
GLO	Fujian Wu Feng Department Store Co., Ltd.	Wholesaler and retailer of general merchandise, and related services.	50.00 %	50.00 %	Fujian Wu Feng Department Store Co., Ltd. was established in Fujian Province, China in 1992, and has paid in capital of USD4,500,000.
GLO	Dona Pacific Holdings Limited (DPH)	Investment holding.	92.00 %	92.00 %	Dona Pacific Holdings Limited was established in British Virgin Islands in 2000, and has paid in capital of USD13,558,901 (including share premium of USD13,533,901).
GLO	VX Mold Company Limited(VXM)	Investment holding.	93.00 %	93.00 %	VX Mold Company Limited was established in British Virgin Islands in 1999, and has paid in capital of USD400,000.
GLO	Lotus Footwear Enterprises Limited (LUH)	Investment holding business, and manufacturing and selling of finished shoes.	88.00 %	88.00 %	Lotus Footwear Enterprises Limited was established in British Virgin Islands in 2006, and has paid in capital of USD79,141,400 (including share premium of USD79,102,741).
VXH	Dona Victor Footwear Co., Ltd.	Manufactures athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear, and footwear accessories.	100.00 %	100.00 %	Dona Victor Footwear Co., Ltd., was established in Vietnam in 1994, and has paid in capital of USD35,400,000.
DOH	Vietnam Dona Orient Co., Ltd.	Manufactures athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear, and footwear accessories.	100.00 %	100.00 %	Vietnam Dona Orient Co.,Ltd., was established in Vietnam in 2003, and has paid in capital of USD44,000,000.
DOH	Vietnam Dona Standard Footwear Co., Ltd.	Manufactures athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear, and footwear accessories.	100.00 %	100.00 %	Vietnam Dona Standard Footwear Co., Ltd., was established in Vietnam in 2006, and has paid in capital of USD75,700,000.
DOH	Vung Tau Orient Co., Ltd.	Manufactures golf balls, soccer balls, backpack and bags.	100.00 %	100.00 %	Vung Tau Orient Co., Ltd., was established in Vietnam in 2005, and has paid in capital of USD41,000,000.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

			Shareh	olding	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Description
DOH	Vietnam Nam Ha Footwear Company Limited	Manufactures athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear, and footwear accessories.	100.00 %	100.00 %	Vietnam Nam Ha Footwear Company Limited was established in Vietnam in 2019, and has paid in capital of USD62,000,000.
DPH	Dona Pacific (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Manufactures athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear, and footwear accessories.	100.00 %	100.00 %	Dona Pacific (Vietnam) Co., Ltd., was established in Vietnam in 2000, and has paid in capital of USD20,000,000.
VXM	Dona Victor Molds MFG. Co., Ltd.	Manufactures and repairs molds, cutting dies, and processing of metal parts.	100.00 %	100.00 %	Dona Victor Molds MFG. Co., Ltd., was established in Vietnam in 1999, and has paid in capital of USD3,100,000.
GLO and LUH	Cheyyar SEZ Developers Private Limited	Development in India's Industrial Park.	100.00 %	100.00 %	Cheyyar SEZ Developers Private Limited was established in Indian in 2006, and has paid in capital of USD119,893,561.
LUH	East Wind Footwear Company Limited	Investment holding and production of athletic shoes.	100.00 %	100.00 %	East Wind Footwear Company Limited was established in British Virgin Islands in 2010, and has paid in capital of USD16,370,822 (including share premium of USD16,361,071).
LUH	Fairway Enterprises Company Limited	Investment holding and production of athletic shoes.	100.00 %	100.00 %	Fairway Enterprises Company Limited was established in British Virgin Islands in 2014, and has paid in capital of USD45,793,307 (including share premium of USD45,763,806).

(iii) Subsidiaries excluded from the consolidated financial statements: None.

(d) Foreign Currency

(i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of Group entities at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate on the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are generally recognized in profit or loss, except for that difference relating to the following, which are recognized in other comprehensive income:

(ii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into the presentation currency at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency at the average exchange rate. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence, or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation while retaining control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to noncontrolling interests. When the Group disposes of only part of its investment in an associate or joint venture that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

When the settlement of a monetary receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, Exchange differences arising from such a monetary item that are considered to form part of the net investment in the foreign operation are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(e) Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

The Group classifies the asset as current under one of the following criteria, and all other assets are classified as non-current.

- (i) It is expected to be realized, or intended to be sold or consumed, in the normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) The asset is cash or a cash equivalent (as defined in IAS 7) unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Group classifies the liability as current under one of the following criteria, and all other liabilities are classified as non-current.

- (i) It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) The Group does not have the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits which meet the above definition and are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes should be recognized as cash equivalents.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(g) Financial instruments

Trade receivables are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

(i) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost or FVOCI – equity investment. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- · it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- · its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, with change in the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method. In addition, these assets are further adjusted for any loss allowance. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss

2) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the Group's right to receive dividend is established.

3) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other receivable and other financial assets).

The Group measures allowances for credit loss at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss (ECL), except for the following which are measured as 12-month ECL:

· bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Allowance for credit loss for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment as well as forward-looking information.

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive). ECL are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial assets is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- · significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- · a breach of contract such as a default or being past due;
- the lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- · it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Allowance for credit loss for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. For corporate customers, the Group individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

4) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

(ii) Financial liabilities

1) Other financial liabilities

Financial liabilities not classified as held-for-trading or designated as at fair value through profit or loss, which comprise loans and borrowings, and trade and other payable, are measured at fair value, plus, any directly attributable transaction cost at the time of initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortized cost calculated using the effective interest method. Interest expense not capitalized as capital cost is recognized in profit or loss, and is included in non-operating income and expenses.

2) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Group also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of balance sheet when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(h) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs, and other costs incurred in bringing them to their present location and condition. In the case of manufactured inventories and work in progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity. The cost of inventories of matetials is calculated using the first-infirst-out method for the Company and its subsidiaries in Indonesia, the rest is calculated using the weighted average method.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

(i) Joint Arrangements

A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control. The IFRS classifies joint arrangements into two types — joint operations and joint ventures, which have the following characteristics: (a) the parties are bound by a contractual arrangement; and (b) the contractual arrangement gives two or more of those parties joint control of the arrangement. IFRS 11 "Joint Arrangements" defines joint control as the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities (i.e. activities that significantly affect the returns of the arrangement) require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the Group has joint control of the arrangement (i.e. joint venturers) in which the Group has rights to the net assets of the arrangement, rather than rights to its assets and obligations for its liabilities. The Group recognizes its interest in a joint venture as an investment and accounts for that investment using the equity method in accordance with IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures", unless the Group qualifies for exemption from that Standard.

When assessing the classification of a joint arrangement, the Group considers the structure and legal form of the arrangement, the terms in the contractual arrangement, and other facts and circumstances. When the facts and circumstances change, the Group reevaluates whether the classification of the joint arrangement has changed.

When the Group's share of losses of a joint venture equals or exceeds its interests in a joint venture, it discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. After the recognized interest is reduced to zero, additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(j) Investment Property

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition, and subsequently at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation expense is calculated based on the depreciation method, useful life, and residual value which are the same as those adopted for property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount) is recognized in profit or loss.

Rental income from investment property is recognized as other revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognized as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

(k) Property, plant, and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalized borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

Land is not depreciated.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

1)	Buildings	2 years~	55 years
2)	Machinery and equipment	2 years~	13 years
3)	Computer and communication equipment	3 years∼	7 years
4)	Testing equipment	2 years~	8 years
5)	Transportation equipment	3 years∼	5 years
6)	Office equipment	3 years∼	8 years
7)	Other equipment	2 years~	8 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed on each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(iv) Reclassification to investment property

A property is reclassified to investment property at its carrying amount when the use of the property changes from owner-occupied to investment property.

(1) Lease

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

(i) As a lessee

The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- there is a change in the lease term resulting from a change of its assessment on whether it
 will exercise an option to purchase the underlying asset; or
- there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise a extension or termination option; or
- there is any lease modifications

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment and lease liabilities as a separate line item respectively in the statement of financial position.

The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of low-value assets. The Group recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(m) Intangible assets

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries is measured at cost, less accumulated impairment losses.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Other Intangible assets

Other intangible assets acquired by the Group are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Such intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives and are recognized in profit or loss.

The estimated useful lives for current and comparative periods are as follows:

1) computer software: 1~10 years

Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(n) Impairment – non financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or Cash Generating Units (CGUs). Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

(o) Revenue Recognition

(i) Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Group recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or a service to a customer. The accounting policies for the Group's main types of revenue are explained below.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1) Sale of goods

Revenue is recognized when the control of a product has been transferred to the customer. When the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the Group has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

2) Financing components

The Group does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Group does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

(p) Employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided.

(ii) Defined benefit plans

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each the plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Group, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income, and accumulated in retained earnings within equity. The Group determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Group recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

(iii) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(q) Income taxes

Income taxes comprise current taxes and deferred taxes. Except for expenses related to business combinations or recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, all current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss.

The Group has determined that interest and penalties related to income taxes, including uncertain tax treatment, do not meet the definition of income taxes, and therefore accounted for them under IAS 37.

The Group has determined that the global minimum top-up tax – which it is required to pay under Pillar Two legislation – is an income tax in the scope of IAS 12. The Group has applied a temporary mandatory relief from deferred tax accounting for the impacts of the top-up tax and accounts for it as a current tax when it is incurred.

Current taxes comprise the expected tax payables or receivables on the taxable profits (losses) for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payables or receivables are the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred taxes arise due to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases. Deferred taxes are recognized except for the following:

- (i) temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction (i) affects neither accounting nor taxable profits (losses) and (ii) does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences:
- (ii) temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- (iii) taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Deferred tax assets are recognized for the carry forward of unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the proability of future taxable profits improves.

Deferred taxes are measured at tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reserve, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and reflect uncertainty related to income taxes, if any.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if the following criteria are met:

- (i) the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (ii) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities related to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - 1) the same taxable entity; or
 - 2) different taxable entities which intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

(r) Government grants

The Group recognizes an unconditional government grant related to a biological asset in profit or loss as other income when the grant becomes receivable. Other government grants related to assets are initially recognized as deferred income at fair value if there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and the Group will comply with the conditions associated with the grant; they are then recognized in profit or loss as other income on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses or losses incurred are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the periods in which the expenses or losses are recognized.

(s) Earnings per share

The Group discloses the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company. Basic earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all potentially dilutive ordinary shares.

(t) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Group). Operating results of the operating segment are regularly reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance. Each operating segment consists of standalone financial information.

(5) Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty:

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, management has made judgments and estimates about the future, including climate-related risks and opportunities, that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis and are consistent with the Group's risk management and climate-related commitments where appropriate. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively in the period of the change and future periods.

Information about estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment within the next financial year is as follows:

(a) Valuation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the Group estimates the net realizable value of inventories for obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of the reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is mainly determined based on assumptions as to future demand within a specific time horizon. Due to the rapid industrial transformation, there may be significant changes in the net realizable value of inventories. Refer to Note (6)(c) for further description of the valuation of inventories.

(6) Explanation of significant accounts:

(a) Cash and cash equivalents

	Dec	eember 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Cash	\$	1,125	907
Demand deposits and check deposit		2,221,183	1,438,215
Time deposits		2,918,235	2,419,720
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of	\$	5,140,543	3,858,842

Please refer to Note (6)(t) for the exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, and sensitivity analysis of the financial assets and liabilities of the Group.

In accordance with the IFRSs Q&A updated by the Securities and Futures Bureau of the Financial Supervisory Commission on January 5, 2024, the Group reclassified the balance of Repatriated Offshore Funds of \$497,387 thousand on January 1, 2023 from other current financial assets to cash and cash equivalents.

(b) Accounts receivable

	Dec	2024	2023
Accounts receivable-measured at amortized cost	\$	8,118,995	8,146,737
Less: Allowance for credit loss		-	(7,972)
	\$	8,118,995	8,138,765

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses, i.e. the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all accounts receivable. To measure the expected credit losses, accounts receivable have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due, as well as incorporated forward looking information. The allowance for credit loss was determined as follows:

	December 31, 2024					
		oss carrying amount	Weighted- average loss rate	Allowance for credit loss provision		
Current	\$	7,424,013	0.00%	-		
1 to 10 days past due		669,342	0.00%	-		
11 to 60 days past due		7,691	0.00%	-		
61 days to 1 year past due		17,949	0.00%			
	\$	8,118,995				

	December 31, 2023					
	oss carrying amount	Weighted- average loss rate	Allowance for credit loss provision			
Current	\$ 7,036,000	0.00%	-			
1 to 10 days past due	1,081,555	0.00%	-			
11 to 60 days past due	17,363	0.00%	-			
61 days to 1 year past due	3,847	0.00%	-			
More than 1 year past due	 7,972	100.00%	7,972			
	\$ 8,146,737		7,972			

The movement in the allowance for accounts receivable was as follows:

	For the years ended December 3				
		2024	2023		
Balance on January 1	\$	7,972	7,972		
Amounts written off		(7,972)			
Balance on December 31	\$		7,972		

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the accounts receivable of the Group were not pledged as collateral for its loan.

(c) Inventories

	Dec	December 31, 2023		
Raw materials	\$	3,638,768	3,199,060	
Work in process		1,322,945	1,246,496	
Finished goods		3,044,874	3,143,251	
Merchandise inventory		89,807	33,781	
Inventory in transit		1,140,984	953,520	
Others		477	1,905	
	\$	9,237,855	8,578,013	

The details of operating cost were as follows:

	For the years ended December 3				
		2024	2023		
Cost of goods sold	\$	66,749,616	67,725,163		
Unallocated production overheads		844,318	-		
Net losses (gains) on inventories		1,464	(10,051)		
Inventory scrap loss		131,933	272,279		
Revenue from sale of scraps		(59,226)	(109,132)		
Losses on obsolescence and inventory valuation		5,914	113,054		
Total	\$	67,674,019	67,991,313		

Write-downs of inventories were due to the sluggish, obsolete, or unusable inventory, wherein the amount of the net realizable value of the inventory which were lower than the cost was recognized as operating costs.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the inventory of the Group was not pledged as collateral for its loan.

(d) Investments accounted for using equity method

(i) Joint ventures

Shoe Majesty Co., Ltd. is a joint venture under the Group's joint arrangements. The Group classified the joint agreement as a joint venture using the equity method.

The Group's financial information for investments accounted for using the equity method that were individually insignificant was as follows:

	De	December 31, 2023		
Individually insignificant joint venture	\$	1,316,221	1,080,014	
	For the years ended December 31			
	2024		2023	
Attributable to the Group:				
Profit from continuing operation	\$	159,075	77,251	
Other comprehensive income (loss)		72,189	(3,865)	
Comprehensive income	\$	231,264	73,386	

(ii) Collateral

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the investment accounted for using equity method of the Group was not pledged as collateral for its loan.

(e) Material non-controlling interest of subsidiaries

The material non-controlling interests of subsidiaries were as follows:

		Percentage of non-controlling interests		
	Main operation	December 31,	December 31,	
Subsidiaries	place	2024	2023	
Da Feng Holdings Co., Ltd.	China	30.00 %	30.00 %	

The following information of the aforementioned subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers. Included in this information are the fair value adjustment made during the acquisition and the relevant difference in accounting principles between the Group and its subsidiaries as at the acquisition date. Intra-group transactions were not eliminated in this information.

(i) Da Feng Holdings Co., Ltd.'s collective financial information:

	De	cember 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Current assets	\$	332,513	511,204
Non-current assets		2,385,224	2,107,616
Current liabilities		(48,713)	(40,487)
Net assets	\$	2,669,024	2,578,333
Non-controlling interests	\$	800,707	773,500
	Fo	r the years end	ed December 31 2023
Net income	\$	453,070	513,934
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	142,675	(18,177)
Comprehensive income	\$ <u></u>	595,745	495,757
Profit, attributable to non-controlling interests	\$ <u></u>	135,921	154,180
Comprehensive income, attributable to non-controlling interests	\$ <u></u>	178,724	148,727
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	31,345	20,900
Net cash flows from investing activities		466,463	741,837
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(500,379)	(754,702)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u></u>	(2,571)	8,035
Cash dividends to non-controlling interests	\$ <u></u>	150,114	226,411

(f) Property, plant and equipment

The cost, depreciation, and impairment of the property, plant and equipment of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

Cost:	_	Land	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Computer and communication equipment	Test equipment	Transportation equipment	Office equipment	Other equipment	Equipment to be inspected and construction in progress	Total
Balance on January 1, 2024	s	1,626,928	16,367,909	23,143,581	524,743	121,169	712,250	674,087	104,760	2,512,956	45,788,383
Additions		_	26,182	491,088	38,628	3,483	16,997	23,534	3,903	3,125,003	3,728,818
Disposals		_	(13,508)	(694,571)	(32,067)	(10,138)	(22,108)	(17,323)	(1,228)	-	(790,943)
Reclassifications		-	528,246	2,447,376	36,680	853	(134,235)	102,186	889	(2,981,995)	-
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		28,254	842,912	1,527,955	25,093	-	41,301	41,991	1,813	138,023	2,647,342
Balance on December 31, 2024	s	1,655,182	17,751,741	26,915,429	593,077	115,367	614,205	824,475	110,137	2,793,987	51,373,600
Balance on January 1, 2023	s	1,627,127	14,768,244	22,355,304	503,148	116,842	564,300	623,809	103,495	2,169,304	42,831,573
Additions		-	29,040	68,321	27,305	5,141	32,074	25,899	4,849	3,951,597	4,144,226
Disposals		(132)	(223,367)	(719,149)	(21,962)	(4,506)	(15,536)	(23,847)	(7,249)	-	(1,015,748)
Reclassifications		-	1,861,538	1,527,746	17,998	3,692	134,920	49,489	3,620	(3,596,786)	2,217
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		(67)	(67,546)	(88,641)	(1,746)		(3,508)	(1,263)	45	(11,159)	(173,885)
Balance on December 31, 2023	\$	1,626,928	16,367,909	23,143,581	524,743	121,169	712,250	674,087	104,760	2,512,956	45,788,383
Depreciation and impairment loss:			,								
Balance on January 1, 2024	s	-	7,778,231	14,623,148	407,774	102,788	331,875	511,110	81,210	-	23,836,136
Depreciation		-	677,116	2,059,754	53,518	9,207	128,762	75,080	6,497	-	3,009,934
Impairment loss		-	-	33,722	-	-	-	32	-	-	33,754
Disposals		-	(6,986)	(553,399)	(30,963)	(9,595)	(19,280)	(16,643)	(1,093)	-	(637,959)
Reclassifications		-	30,074	94,302	99	-	(124,475)	-	-	-	-
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		-	413,055	1,434,442	18,666	-	19,514	29,414	1,309	-	1,916,400
Balance on December 31, 2024	s	-	8,891,490	17,691,969	449,094	102,400	336,396	598,993	87,923		28,158,265
Balance on January 1, 2023	s	-	7,425,458	13,398,726	379,888	98,291	269,135	477,124	78,694	-	22,127,316
Depreciation		-	585,520	1,905,043	50,580	8,855	77,385	56,846	6,687	-	2,690,916
Impairment loss		-	-	5,902	-	-	29	-	-	-	5,931
Disposals		=	(193,821)	(623,910)	(21,355)	(4,358)	(12,916)	(21,872)	(6,373)	-	(884,605)
Reclassifications		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,169	-	2,169
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates			(38,926)	(62,613)	(1,339)		(1,758)	(988)	33	-	(105,591)
Balance on December 31, 2023	s		7,778,231	14,623,148	407,774	102,788	331,875	511,110	81,210		23,836,136
Carrying amounts:											
Balance on December 31, 2024	s	1,655,182	8,860,251	9,223,460	143,983	12,967	277,809	225,482	22,214	2,793,987	23,215,335
Balance on January 1, 2023	s	1,627,127	7,342,786	8,956,578	123,260	18,551	295,165	146,685	24,801	2,169,304	20,704,257
Balance on December 31, 2023	s	1,626,928	8,589,678	8,520,433	116,969	18,381	380,375	162,977	23,550	2,512,956	21,952,247

For the time being, a portion of the Company's land assets cannot be held in the name of the Company under the law; therefore, they have been respectively registered in the name of trustees—Chien-Hung Wang, Chairman of the Company, and Chien-Rong Wang, Vice Chairman of the Company, with whom the Company has entered into an agreement prescribing the rights and obligations of both parties. The land has been pleged to the Company. An amount of \$7,121 thousand was recognized as cost of land.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Group has been constructing a new development center, plant, and expanding production line since the year 2021. As of December 31, 2024, the projects were still ongoing, with the costs recorded as construction in progress and equipment to be inspected. For significant unrecognized contractual commitments related to the acquisition of property, plant, and equipment, please refer to Note (9)(b).

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023 the property, plant and equipment of the Group were not pledged as collateral for its loan.

(g) Right-of-use assets

The Group leases assets, including parking lots, office, plants, warehouses and telephone sets. Information about leases for which the Group as a lessee was presented below:

		Land	Buildings	Machinery equipment	Other equipment	Total
Cost:						
Balance on January 1, 2024	\$	1,842,485	92,511	15,240	2,443	1,952,679
Additions		16,191	58,555	-	-	74,746
Disposal/Write-off		-	(57,072)	(15,965)	-	(73,037)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		110,052	5,112	725	166	116,055
Balance on December 31, 2024	\$	1,968,728	99,106		2,609	2,070,443
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$	1,895,108	80,766	15,242	4,660	1,995,776
Additions		-	38,126	-	-	38,126
Disposal/Write-off		(46,570)	(25,432)	-	-	(72,002)
Reclassification		-	-	-	(2,217)	(2,217)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		(6,053)	(949)	(2)	<u> </u>	(7,004)
Balance on December 31, 2023	\$	1,842,485	92,511	15,240	2,443	1,952,679
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses:						
Balance on January 1, 2024	\$	215,441	44,302	8,422	1,297	269,462
Depreciation		49,204	32,289	1,891	400	83,784
Disposal/Write-off		-	(57,072)	(10,714)	-	(67,786)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		13,919	2,106	401	96	16,522
Balance on December 31, 2024	\$	278,564	21,625		1,793	301,982
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$	182,603	39,925	6,017	3,060	231,605
Depreciation		48,390	30,282	2,439	410	81,521
Disposal/Write-off		(14,126)	(25,432)	-	-	(39,558)
Reclassification		-	-	-	(2,169)	(2,169)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		(1,426)	(473)	(34)	(4)	(1,937)
Balance on December 31, 2023	<u>\$</u>	215,441	44,302	8,422	1,297	269,462
Carrying amount:						
Balance on December 31, 2024	\$	1,690,164	77,481	<u> </u>	816	1,768,461
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$	1,712,505	40,841	9,225	1,600	1,764,171
Balance on December 31, 2023	\$	1,627,044	48,209	6,818	1,146	1,683,217

(h) Investment property

The cost, depreciation, and impairment of the Investment property of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	Owned property				
		Land	Buildings	Total	
Cost:					
Balance on January 1, 2024	\$	16,017	406,284	422,301	
Disposal		(9,595)	(22,396)	(31,991)	
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	-	436	21,092	21,528	
Balance on December 31, 2024	\$	6,858	404,980	411,838	
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$	16,019	412,878	428,897	
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		(2)	(6,594)	(6,596)	
Balance on December 31, 2023	\$	16,017	406,284	422,301	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses:					
Balance on January 1, 2024	\$	-	352,152	352,152	
Depreciation		-	57	57	
Disposal		-	(14,069)	(14,069)	
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	-	<u> </u>	16,970	16,970	
Balance on December 31, 2024	\$	<u>-</u>	355,110	355,110	
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$	-	360,218	360,218	
Depreciation		-	331	331	
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	-	<u> </u>	(8,397)	(8,397)	
Balance on December 31, 2023	\$	 _	352,152	352,152	
Carrying amount:					
Balance on December 31, 2024	\$	6,858	49,870	56,728	
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$	16,019	52,660	68,679	
Balance on December 31, 2023	\$	16,017	54,132	70,149	
Fair value:					
Balance on December 31, 2024			\$	513,186	
Balance on December 31, 2023			\$	657,689	

The Group signed a sales agreement in March 2024 to sell Eagle Crest, an American real estate. The sale price was \$42,817 thousand, and the sale has been completed in the month when the sales agreement was signed, and \$24,895 thousand was recognized as gain on disposal of assets.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Investment property of the Group was not pledged as collateral for its loans.

(i) Intangible assets

The cost, amortization and impairment of the intangible assets of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

		Goodwill	Computer software	Total
Costs				
Balance on January 1, 2024	\$	431,028	364,866	795,894
Additions		-	106,646	106,646
Disposal / Obsolescence		-	(40,204)	(40,204)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		8,073	18,372	26,445
Balance on December 31, 2024	\$	439,101	449,680	888,781
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$	431,047	334,591	765,638
Additions		-	57,617	57,617
Disposal / Obsolescence		-	(25,469)	(25,469)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		(19)	(1,873)	(1,892)
Balance on December 31, 2023	\$	431,028	364,866	795,894
Accumulated amortization and impairment losses				
Balance on January 1, 2024	\$	115,304	256,892	372,196
Amortization		-	75,958	75,958
Disposal / Obsolescence		-	(40,204)	(40,204)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		7,663	13,716	21,379
Balance on December 31, 2024	\$	122,967	306,362	429,329
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$	115,323	229,732	345,055
Amortization		-	54,203	54,203
Disposal / Obsolescence		-	(25,469)	(25,469)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		(19)	(1,574)	(1,593)
Balance on December 31, 2023	\$	115,304	256,892	372,196
Carrying amounts:				
Balance on December 31, 2024	\$	316,134	143,318	459,452
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$	315,724	104,859	420,583
Balance on December 31, 2023	\$ <u></u>	315,724	107,974	423,698

The amortization of intangible assets and their impairment losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income:

	For the years ended December 31		
		2024	2023
Cost of sales	\$	8,255	5,452
Operating expenses		67,703	48,751
Total	\$	75,958	54,203

The Group determined whether an impairment loss of goodwill shall be recognized based on experience and actual operating results. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, no impairment loss has been recognized.

(j) Short-term borrowings

The short-term borrowings were summarized as follows:

	December 31,	December 31,
	2024	2023
Unsecured bank loans	\$	2,250,109
Range of interest rates	1.70%~6.50%	1.57%~6.50%

(k) Long-term borrowings

The details were as follows:

Other long-term borrowings

Less: current portion

Total

		Decembe	er 31, 2024		
	Currency	Interest Rate	Period		Amount
Unsecured bank loans	TWD	1.95%	2026	\$	1,500,000
	USD	5.40%~5.44%	2026		1,830,869
Other long-term borrowings	INR	0.10%	2026	_	66,794
					3,397,663
Less: current portion				_	
Total				\$	3,397,663
		Decembe	er 31, 2023		
	Currency	Interest Rate	Period		Amount
Unsecured bank loans	TWD	1.55%	2025	\$	1,470,000
	USD	6.36%~6.57%	2025		1,923,908

0.10%

2024~2026

INR

115,311 3,509,219

(57,679)

3,451,540

In compliance with the loan agreement

The Group has adhered to the relevant contract terms as of December 31, 2024, and has therefore classified the loan as a non-current liability. The group also expects to comply with the relevant contract terms at the end of each quarter for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

(l) Lease liabilities

The Group lease liabilities were as follows:

	1	Decembe 202	December 31, 2023	
Current	<u>\$</u>		39,408	31,952
Non-current	\$ _		<u>577,463</u>	515,667

For the maturities analysis, please refer to Note (6)(t).

The amounts recognized in profit or loss were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31		
		2024	2023
Interest on lease liabilities	\$	52,582	50,950

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows by the Group were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31		
	20:	24	2023
Total cash outflow for leases	\$	90,322	85,990

(i) Real estate leases

The Group leases land and buildings for its parking, office, factory and warehouse. The leases of office space typically run for a period of 1 to 99 years. Some leases include an option to renew the lease term for the same duration at the end of the original contractual period.

(ii) Other leases

The Group leased photocopiers with lease terms of eight years.

(m) Employee benefits

(i) Defined benefit plans

Reconciliation of defined benefit obligation at present value and plan asset at fair value is as follows:

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Present value of defined benefit obligation	\$	5,875,212	6,059,161	
Fair value of plan assets		(1,940,030)	(1,832,248)	
Net defined benefit assets	\$	3,935,182	4,226,913	

(Continued)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company makes defined benefit plan contributions to the pension fund account with Bank of Taiwan that provides pensions for employees upon retirement. Retired employee under the plans (covered by the Labor Standards Law) will be entitled to receive retirement benefits based on years of service and average monthly salary for the six months prior to retirement.

The employees of subsidiaries in Indonesia, India, and Vietnam are entitled to retirement benefit under the Group's defined benefit plan, for which actuarial valuation is conducted in accordance with the local labor laws and regulations.

1) Composition of plan assets

The Company allocates pension funds in accordance with the Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund, and such funds are managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor. With regard to the utilization of the funds, minimum earnings shall be no less than the earnings attainable from two-year time deposits with interest rates offered by local banks

The Company's Bank of Taiwan pension reserve account balance had amounted to \$1,940,030 thousand as of December 31, 2024. For information on the utilization of the labor pension fund assets, including the asset allocation and yield of the fund, please refer to the website of the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor.

2) Movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations

The movements in present value of defined benefit obligations for the Group were as follows:

	For the years ended December 3		
		2024	2023
Defined benefit obligation on January 1	\$	6,059,161	5,754,909
Current service cost and interest cost		636,224	612,139
Remeasurement loss (gain):			
-Actuarial gain arising from experience		(212,083)	(144,541)
—Actuarial (gain) loss arising from financial			
assumptions		(337,259)	126,025
Benefits paid		(341,441)	(301,673)
Effect of movements in exchange rates		70,610	12,302
Defined benefit obligations on December 31	\$	5,875,212	6,059,161
 Actuarial gain arising from experience Actuarial (gain) loss arising from financial assumptions Benefits paid Effect of movements in exchange rates 		(337,259) (341,441) 70,610	126,025 (301,673 12,302

3) Movements of defined benefit plan assets

The movements in the present value of the defined benefit plan assets for the Group were as follows:

	For the years ended December			
		2024	2023	
Fair value of plan assets on January 1	\$	1,832,248	1,915,323	
Interest income		24,430	28,099	
Remeasurement gain (loss)				
-Return on plan assets excluding interest				
income		166,881	12,416	
Contributions paid by the employer		19,550	20,222	
Benefits paid		(103,079)	(143,812)	
Fair value of plan assets on December 31	\$	1,940,030	1,832,248	

4) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The expenses recognized in profit or loss for the Group were as follows:

	For the years ended Decem		
		2024	2023
Current service costs	\$	412,053	381,612
Net interest of net defined benefit liabilities obligations		199,741	202,428
5	\$	611,794	584,040
Operating costs	\$	514,518	485,316
Selling and Administration expenses		84,804	83,391
Research and development expenses		12,472	15,333
	\$	611,794	584,040

5) Actuarial assumptions

The principal actuarial assumptions on the reporting date were as follows:

	December 31,	December 31,	
	2024	2023	
Discount rate	1.75%~7.00%	1.375%~7.21%	
Future salary increases rate	5.00%~10.00%	5.00%~10.00%	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The contribution to be made by the Group to the defined benefit plans within one year after the reporting date is \$123,794 thousand.

The weighted-average lifetime of the defined benefit plans is 5.93 to 10.70 years.

6) Sensitivity analysis

If the actuarial assumptions had changed, the impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligation shall be as follows:

	Influences of defined benefit obligations				
	0.25	% Increased	0.25% Decreased		
December 31, 2024		_			
Discount rate	\$	(105,394)	108,780		
Future salary increasing rate		106,628	(103,954)		
December 31, 2023					
Discount rate	\$	(117,236)	118,952		
Future salary increasing rate		115,992	(114,899)		

Reasonably possible changes on the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown above. The method used in the sensitivity analysis is consistent with the calculation of pension liabilities in the balance sheets.

There is no change in the method and assumptions used in the preparation of sensitivity analysis for 2024 and 2023.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

The Company allocates 6% of each employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account at the Bureau of Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. Under these defined contribution plans, the Company allocates a fixed amount to the Bureau of Labor Insurance without additional legal or constructive obligation.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in China, India and Vietnamese are members of their respective government pension plans, to which those subsidiaries must allocate a specific proportion of the salary, so as to provide funding for their respective plans, while the Group's only obligation is to contribute a specific amount to these government pension plans.

The pension costs incurred from the contributions to the pension plans amounted to \$1,072,743 thousand and \$1,025,227 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

(n) Income taxes

(i) Income tax expense

The components of income tax in the years 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31			
	2024		2023	
Current income tax expense:			_	
Current period	\$	2,384,970	2,521,070	
Adjustment for prior years		(39,208)	(236,343)	
		2,345,762	2,284,727	
Deferred income tax expense:				
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		(17,791)	(649,650)	
Adjustment for prior years	-	(11,482)	65	
		(29,273)	(649,585)	
Income tax expense	\$	2,316,489	1,635,142	

The amount of income tax recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) for 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	For the years ended December 3		
		2024	2023
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Remeasurement from defined benefit plans	\$	(146,093)	10,923
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive	;		
income	\$	(6,332)	135

Reconciliation of income tax and profit before tax for 2024 and 2023 was as follows:

	For the years ended December 31			
		2024	2023	
Profit before income tax	\$	8,582,046	7,081,079	
Income tax using each entity's domestic tax rate	\$	2,553,523	2,326,644	
Others income tax adjustments		119,574	248,041	
Tax exempt income		(65,888)	(291,206)	
Tax incentives		(265,994)	(511,303)	
Tax credit for foreign income		(56,702)	(86,966)	
Recognition of previously unrecognized tax losses		(11,482)	65	
Change in unrecognized temporary differences		8,710	16,885	
Adjustment to prior periods' income tax		(39,208)	(236,343)	
Tax on dividend income		57,727	93,436	
Additional tax on undistributed earnings		-	70,599	
Others		16,229	5,290	
Income tax expenses	\$	2,316,489	1,635,142	

(ii) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

1) Unrecognized deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of the following items:

	Dec	ember 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	
Tax losses	\$	25,213	68,604	

The tax authorities of subsidiaries allow net losses to offset taxable income for local tax reporting purposes.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilize the benefits therefrom.

As of December 31, 2024, the information of the Group's unused tax losses for which no deferred tax assets were recognized are as follows:

Year of loss	 Unused amount	Year of expiry	
2020	\$ 946	2025	
2021	10,004	2026	
2022	20,567	2027 and without deadline	
2023	105,245	2028 and without deadline	
2024	121,391	2029	

2) Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

Changes in the amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities during 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

Balance on January 1, 2024 \$ 2,979,188 581,665 3,560,853 Debit (credit) on income statement 50,418 (1,009) 49,409 Statement 6,332 6,332 Effect in exchange rate - 25,310 25,310 Balance on December 31, 2024 \$ 3,029,606 612,298 3,641,904 Balance on January 1, 2023 \$ 3,167,912 659,591 3,827,503 Debit (credit) on income statement (188,724) (71,474) (260,198) Debit (credit) on other - (135) (135) Comprehensive income (188,724) (6,317) Effect in exchange rate - (6,317) (6,317) Balance on December 31, 2023 \$ 2,979,188 581,665 3,560,853		G	ains on foreign investment	Others	Total
Debit (credit) on income statement So,418 Comprehensive income Comprehensive inc	Deferred Tax Liabilities:				
Debit (credit) on other comprehensive income Comprehensive incom	Balance on January 1, 2024	\$	2,979,188	581,665	3,560,853
Effect in exchange rate	,		50,418	(1,009)	49,409
Balance on December 31, 2024 \$ 3,029,606 612,298 3,641,904 Balance on January 1, 2023 \$ 3,167,912 659,591 3,827,503 Debit (credit) on income statement (188,724) (71,474) (260,198) Debit (credit) on other comprehensive income - (135) (135) Effect in exchange rate - (6,317) (6,317) Balance on December 31, 2023 \$ 2,979,188 581,665 3,560,853 Defined Benefit Plans Others Total Defined Benefit Plans Others 78,682 (Debit) credit on income statement 5,954 72,728 78,682 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income (146,093) - (146,093) Effect in exchange rate 34,546 46,596 81,142 Balance on January 1, 2024 \$ 594,462 1,220,132 1,814,594 Balance on January 1, 2023 \$ 629,511 779,907 1,409,418 (Debit) credit on income statement 60,868 328,519 389,387 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive incom			-	6,332	6,332
Balance on January 1, 2023 \$ 3,167,912 659,591 3,827,503 Debit (credit) on income statement (188,724) (71,474) (260,198) Debit (credit) on other comprehensive income - (135) (135) Effect in exchange rate - (6,317) (6,317) Balance on December 31, 2023 \$ 2,979,188 581,665 3,560,853 Defined Benefit Plans Others Total Deferred Tax Assets: Balance on January 1, 2024 \$ 700,055 1,100,808 1,800,863 (Debit) credit on income statement 5,954 72,728 78,682 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income (146,093) - (146,093) Effect in exchange rate 34,546 46,596 81,142 Balance on December 31, 2024 \$ 594,462 1,220,132 1,814,594 Balance on January 1, 2023 \$ 629,511 779,907 1,409,418 (Debit) credit on income statement 60,868 328,519 389,387 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income 10,923 - 10,923	Effect in exchange rate	_		25,310	25,310
Debit (credit) on income statement (188,724) (71,474) (260,198) Debit (credit) on other comprehensive income - (135) (135) Effect in exchange rate - (6,317) (6,317) Balance on December 31, 2023 \$ 2,979,188 581,665 3,560,853 Defined Benefit Plans Others Total Deferred Tax Assets: Balance on January 1, 2024 \$ 700,055 1,100,808 1,800,863 (Debit) credit on income statement 5,954 72,728 78,682 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income (146,093) - (146,093) comprehensive income 34,546 46,596 81,142 Balance on December 31, 2024 \$ 594,462 1,220,132 1,814,594 Balance on January 1, 2023 \$ 629,511 779,907 1,409,418 (Debit) credit on income statement 60,868 328,519 389,387 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income 10,923 - 10,923 comprehensive income Effect in exchange rate (1,247) (7,618) <td>Balance on December 31, 2024</td> <td>\$_</td> <td>3,029,606</td> <td>612,298</td> <td>3,641,904</td>	Balance on December 31, 2024	\$_	3,029,606	612,298	3,641,904
Debit (credit) on other comprehensive income Effect in exchange rate - (6,317) (6,317)	Balance on January 1, 2023	\$	3,167,912	659,591	3,827,503
Effect in exchange rate - (6,317) (6,317)	` ,		(188,724)	(71,474)	(260,198)
Balance on December 31, 2023 \$ 2,979,188 581,665 3,560,853 Defined Benefit Plans Others Total Deferred Tax Assets: Balance on January 1, 2024 \$ 700,055 1,100,808 1,800,863 (Debit) credit on income statement 5,954 72,728 78,682 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income (146,093) - (146,093) Effect in exchange rate 34,546 46,596 81,142 Balance on December 31, 2024 \$ 594,462 1,220,132 1,814,594 Balance on January 1, 2023 \$ 629,511 779,907 1,409,418 (Debit) credit on income statement 60,868 328,519 389,387 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income 10,923 - 10,923 Effect in exchange rate (1,247) (7,618) (8,865)	` ,		-	(135)	(135)
Defined Benefit Plans Others Total Deferred Tax Assets: Balance on January 1, 2024 \$ 700,055 \$ 1,100,808 \$ 1,800,863 (Debit) credit on income statement 5,954 \$ 72,728 \$ 78,682 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income (146,093) \$ - (146,093) \$ - (146,093) \$ comprehensive income Effect in exchange rate 34,546 \$ 46,596 \$ 81,142 Balance on December 31, 2024 \$ 594,462 \$ 1,220,132 \$ 1,814,594 Balance on January 1, 2023 \$ 629,511 \$ 779,907 \$ 1,409,418 (Debit) credit on income statement 60,868 \$ 328,519 \$ 389,387 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income 10,923 \$ - 10,923 Effect in exchange rate (1,247) \$ (7,618) \$ (8,865)	Effect in exchange rate			(6,317)	(6,317)
Deferred Tax Assets: Balance on January 1, 2024 700,055 1,100,808 1,800,863 (Debit) credit on income statement 5,954 72,728 78,682 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income (146,093) - (146,093) Effect in exchange rate 34,546 46,596 81,142 Balance on December 31, 2024 594,462 1,220,132 1,814,594 Balance on January 1, 2023 629,511 779,907 1,409,418 (Debit) credit on income statement 60,868 328,519 389,387 Statement 10,923 - 10,923 Comprehensive income (1,247) (7,618) (8,865)	Balance on December 31, 2023	\$_	2,979,188	581,665	3,560,853
Balance on January 1, 2024 \$ 700,055 1,100,808 1,800,863 (Debit) credit on income statement 5,954 72,728 78,682 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income (146,093) - (146,093) Effect in exchange rate 34,546 46,596 81,142 Balance on December 31, 2024 \$ 594,462 1,220,132 1,814,594 Balance on January 1, 2023 \$ 629,511 779,907 1,409,418 (Debit) credit on income statement 60,868 328,519 389,387 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income 10,923 - 10,923 Effect in exchange rate (1,247) (7,618) (8,865)				Others	Total
(Debit) credit on income statement 5,954 72,728 78,682 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income (146,093) - (146,093) Effect in exchange rate 34,546 46,596 81,142 Balance on December 31, 2024 \$ 594,462 1,220,132 1,814,594 Balance on January 1, 2023 \$ 629,511 779,907 1,409,418 (Debit) credit on income statement 60,868 328,519 389,387 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income 10,923 - 10,923 Effect in exchange rate (1,247) (7,618) (8,865)	Deferred Tax Assets:				
statement (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income (146,093) - (146,093) Effect in exchange rate 34,546 46,596 81,142 Balance on December 31, 2024 \$ 594,462 1,220,132 1,814,594 Balance on January 1, 2023 \$ 629,511 779,907 1,409,418 (Debit) credit on income statement 60,868 328,519 389,387 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income 10,923 - 10,923 Effect in exchange rate (1,247) (7,618) (8,865)	Balance on January 1, 2024	\$	700,055	1,100,808	1,800,863
comprehensive income Effect in exchange rate 34,546 46,596 81,142 Balance on December 31, 2024 \$ 594,462 1,220,132 1,814,594 Balance on January 1, 2023 \$ 629,511 779,907 1,409,418 (Debit) credit on income statement 60,868 328,519 389,387 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income 10,923 - 10,923 Effect in exchange rate (1,247) (7,618) (8,865)			5,954	72,728	78,682
Balance on December 31, 2024 \$ 594,462 1,220,132 1,814,594 Balance on January 1, 2023 \$ 629,511 779,907 1,409,418 (Debit) credit on income statement 60,868 328,519 389,387 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income 10,923 - 10,923 Effect in exchange rate (1,247) (7,618) (8,865)	` '		(146,093)	-	(146,093)
Balance on January 1, 2023 \$ 629,511 779,907 1,409,418 (Debit) credit on income statement 60,868 328,519 389,387 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income 10,923 - 10,923 Effect in exchange rate (1,247) (7,618) (8,865)	Effect in exchange rate	_	34,546	46,596	81,142
(Debit) credit on income statement 60,868 328,519 389,387 (Debit) credit on other comprehensive income 10,923 - 10,923 Effect in exchange rate (1,247) (7,618) (8,865)	Balance on December 31, 2024	\$_	594,462	1,220,132	1,814,594
statement 10,923 - 10,923 comprehensive income (1,247) (7,618) (8,865)	Balance on January 1, 2023	\$	629,511	779,907	1,409,418
comprehensive income Effect in exchange rate (1,247) (7,618) (8,865)			60,868	328,519	389,387
	(D.1:4) 114 41				
Balance on December 31, 2023 \$ 700,055 1,100,808 1,800,863	` /		10,923	-	10,923
	comprehensive income	_		(7,618)	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

As of December 31, 2024, the information of the Group's unused tax losses for which deferred tax assets were recognized are as follows:

Year of loss	<u></u>	Unused amount	Year of expiry
2023	\$	688,203	2028
2024		305,283	2029

(iii) Income Tax approval

The Company's tax returns for the years up to 2021 have been assessed by the R.O.C. tax authorities.

For the years from 2006 to 2013, some of the Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China were involved in disputes with the local tax authorities over tax returns, against which, each of the subsidiaries has estimated income tax expenses in 2016, filed a defense and negotiated with the tax authorities. Moreover, a final proposal has been reached with the tax authorities in March 2023, in which the tax expenses were approved and adjusted according to what had been agreed upon.

For the years from 2011 to 2020, some of the Group's subsidiaries other than those mentioned above were involved in disputes with tax authorities over tax returns, and the amended amounts of additional tax were approved for each of the approved years. Each subsidiary has filed an administrative relief application, which has been under review by the authorities concerned.

(iv) Global Minimum Tax (GMT)

The Group has applied a temporary mandatory relief from deferred tax accounting for the impacts of the top-up tax and accounts for it as a current tax when it is incurred.

The Group is subject to the global minimum top-up tax under the Pillar Two tax legislation, since the Income Inclusion Rule (IIR) and the domestic minimum top-up tax have been effective and implemented in Vietnam, where the subsidiaries operate, from January 1, 2024.

After an assessment by the Group, since the simplified effective tax rate of the subsidiaries operating in Vietnam is higher than 15%, which applies to the temporary relief under the Pillar Two tax legislation, there is no current tax impact for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Additionally, the subsidiaries operating in Hong Kong, Singapore, and Indonesia have announced that Pillar Two tax legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025. Based on the preliminary assessment by the Group, all three regions are eligible for the temporary exemption mechanism under Pillar Two tax legislation, and it is expected that this will not affect its current income tax.

For the subsidiaries operating in jurisdictions where the Pillar Two tax legislation has not yet been enacted, the Group will continue to monitor the date when the legislation takes effect and assess the income tax impacts.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(v) Regulations on repatriation of offshore funds

In 2021, the dividends distributed by the subsidiaries of the Company are applicable to the regulations on repatriation of funds, the dividend amount is \$1,506,230 thousand, the tax rate is 10%, and the tax incentive amount is \$152,272 thousand. The amounts of restricted assets under the regulations on repatriation of funds on January 1, 2023, were \$497,387 thousand, which is recognized under other current financial assets. For the year, the restricted assets under the regulations on repatriation of funds were recognized under other current financial assets reclassifies to cash and cash equivalents, please refer to Note (6)(a) for details.

(vi) Profit-seeking enterprise income tax returns

The Group's income tax returns must be filed individually by each entity instead of on a consolidated basis; consequently, the Group's income taxes were calculated using the local tax rate applicable to each entity.

(o) Capital and other equity

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's total rated share capital amount to \$12,000,000 thousand, with a par value of \$10, and the number of shares all was 1,200,000 thousand ordinary shares. The aforementioned aggregate amount of rated equity is all ordinary shares. The issued shares are 987,483 thousand ordinary shares, all the consideration for issued shares has been received.

Reconciliations of shares outstanding for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	Ordinary shares		
	For the years ended	l December 31	
(Expressed in thousands of shares)	2024	2023	
Balance on January 1	987,483	881,681	
Stock dividend	<u>-</u>	105,802	
Balance on December 31	987,483	987,483	

(i) Ordinary shares

The Company transferred its unappropriated retained earnings of \$1,058,017 thousand to its capital, with the base date set on August 11, 2023, based on the resolution decided during the shareholders' meeting held on June 21, 2023, with the approval of the Financial Supervisory Commission. The relevant statutory registration procedures had been completed.

(ii) Capital surplus

The details of capital surplus were as follows:

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Treasury share transactions	\$	4,143	4,143	
Gain on disposal of assets		32,980	32,980	
Capital surplus-premium from merger		2,160	2,160	
Donation from shareholders		5,768	4,537	
Issued shares of subsidiaries not recognized in proportion to shareholding	on	3,851	9,747	
Difference between consideration and carring amount o	f			
subsidiaries acquired or disposed	-	183	183	
	\$	49,085	53,750	

According to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus can only be used to offset a deficit, and only the realized capital surplus can be used to increase the common stock or be distributed as cash dividends. The aforementioned realized capital surplus includes capital surplus resulting from premium on issuance of capital stock and earnings from donated assets received. According to the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers, capital increases by transferring capital surplus in excess of par value should not exceed 10% of the total common stock outstanding.

(iii) Retained earnings

The Company's Articles of Incorporation stipulate that 10% of annual net earnings, after deducting accumulated deficit, shall be set aside as a legal reserve and a special reserve shall be appropriated or reserved pursuant to laws or regulations. A portion or all of the remainder, together with the unappropriated retained earnings for the prior year, may be further distributed as dividends.

Since the Company is experiencing stable growth, in response to its long term financial planning, as well as its objective to achieve stable development and sustainable operation, it is necessary for the Board of Directors to propose a dividend distribution plan based on budget and capital demand of the following year, and have it resolved at the shareholders' meeting. Dividend distribution shall account for no less than 50% of distributable earnings, and stock dividends shall not exceed 80% of the distribution.

1) Legal reserve

When a company incurs no loss, it may, pursuant to a resolution by a shareholders' meeting, distribute its legal reserve by issuing new shares or by distributing cash, and only the portion of legal reserve which exceeds 25% of capital may be distributed.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2) Special reserve

In accordance with the FSC, a portion of current period earnings and undistributed prior period earnings shall be reclassified as special earnings reserve during earnings distribution. The amount to be reclassified should equal the current-period total net reduction of other shareholders' equity. Similarly, a portion of undistributed prior-period earnings shall be reclassified as special earnings reserve (and does not qualify for earnings distribution) to account for cumulative changes to other shareholders' equity pertaining to prior periods. However, if the Company has set aside a special earnings reserve pursuant to the provisions of the preceding paragraph, it shall make a supplement to the difference between the stated reduction amount and the net of other equity. Amounts of subsequent reversals pertaining to the net reduction of other shareholders' equity shall qualify for additional distributions.

3) Earnings distribution

On May 31, 2024, and June 21, 2023, the Company's shareholder's meetings resolved to distribute the 2023 and 2022 earnings, respectively. These earnings were appropriated as follows:

	2023			2022		
		nount ollar)	Total	Amount (dollar)	Total	
Dividends distributed to ordinary shareholders						
Cash	\$	4.30	4,246,176	7.70	6,788,944	
Shares			-	1.20	1,058,017	
Total		\$ _	4,246,176	· -	7,846,961	

On March 7, 2025, the Company's Board of Directors proposed to distribute the 2024 earnings as follows:

	For	For the years ended December 31			
		2024			
	Amou	nt (dollar)	Total		
Dividends distributed to ordinary shareholders					
Cash	\$	5.10	5,036,162		

(iv) Other equity interest after tax

	dif tra fore	Exchange ferences on anslation of ign financial statement
Balance on January 1, 2024	\$	(1,127,303)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statement		1,487,309
Balance on December 31, 2024	\$	360,006

		Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial			
		statement			
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$	(1,053,529)			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statement		(73,774)			
Balance on December 31, 2023	\$ <u></u>	(1,127,303)			

(v) Non-controlling interests (NCIs)

	For the years ended December 31				
	2024		2023		
Balance on January 1	\$	1,894,583	1,880,573		
Shares attributed to non-controlling interests					
Net profit		396,019	471,029		
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations		105,444	(13,851)		
Remeasurement from defined benefit plans		(1,187)	(12,637)		
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries		9,042	46,888		
Earnings distribution to non-controlling interests		(415,070)	(477,419)		
Balance on December 31	\$	1,988,831	1,894,583		

(p) Earnings per share

For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's basic earnings per share were calculated as follows:

	For the years ended December				
		2024	2023		
Basic earnings per share					
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	\$	5,869,538	4,974,908		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic)		987,483	987,483		
Basic earnings per share (dollars)	\$	5.94	5.04		

The Company did not intend to calculate diluted earnings per share on the assumption that, the compensation to employees and directors for the year ended December 31, 2024, was distributed in cash using the same method for the preceding three years.

(q) Revenue from contracts with customer

(i) Disaggregation of revenue

	For the years ended December 31, 2024					
		egments of footwear nnufacturing and sales	Other Segments	Total		
Primary geographical markets						
Singapore	\$	65,560,581	1,964,307	67,524,888		
America		7,105,855	1,133,494	8,239,349		
Switzerland		3,782,371	601	3,782,972		
Mainland China		3,107,376	10,910	3,118,286		
Mexico		2,034,428	71,427	2,105,855		
Other countries		1,779,609	936,511	2,716,120		
	\$ <u></u>	83,370,220	4,117,250	87,487,470		
Major products/services lines						
Manufacturing and sale of footwear	\$	83,370,220	-	83,370,220		
Others			4,117,250	4,117,250		
	\$	83,370,220	4,117,250	87,487,470		
	For the years ended December 31, 2023					
		egments of footwear anufacturing and sales	Other Segments	Total		
Primary geographical markets						
Singapore	\$	62,397,130	1,946,422	64,343,552		
America		7,631,133	1,107,918	8,739,051		
Switzerland		4,115,293	441	4,115,734		
Mainland China		3,455,699	20,485	3,476,184		
Mexico		1,803,975	45,016	1,848,991		
Other countries		2,152,658	1,091,094	3,243,752		
	\$ <u></u>	81,555,888	4,211,376	85,767,264		
Major products/services lines						
Manufacturing and sale of footwear	\$	81,555,888	-	81,555,888		
Others			4,211,376	4,211,376		
	\$	81,555,888	4,211,376	85,767,264		

(ii) Contract balances

		ember 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	January 1, 2023	
Accounts receivable(including related parties)	\$	8,118,995	8,146,737	8,801,296	
Less: allowance for credit loss		_	(7,972)	(7,972)	
Total	\$	8,118,995	8,138,765	8,793,324	
Contract liabilities	\$	1,141	999	317	

Please refer to Note (6)(b) for the disclosure of accounts receivable and impairment.

The amount of revenue recognized for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period were \$999 thousand and \$317 thousand, respectively.

(r) Compensation to employees and directors

The Company's Articles of Incorporation stipulate that if there is profit for the year, then, a minimum of 2.0% shall be allocated as employee compensation and a maximum of 1.8% as director compensation. However, if the Company has accumulated deficits, the profit should be reserved to offset the deficit.

The Company estimated its employee compensation at respectively \$180,000 thousand and \$140,000 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, and estimated its director compensation at \$105,300 thousand and \$91,000 thousand for years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The estimated amounts, recognized as operating costs or expenses, were based on net profit before tax of for the respective periods, multiplied by the percentage of compensation to employees and directors, as specified in the Articles of Incorporation. If the actual amounts differ from the estimated amounts, the differences shall be accounted for as changes in accounting estimates and recognized as profit or loss in the next year.

There was no difference between the amounts approved by Board of Directors and those recognized in the parent-company-only financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. The information is available on the Market Observation Post System website.

(s) Non-operating income and expenses

(i) Interest income

The details of the Group's interest income for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	For t	he years ended	December 31	
		2024		
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	75,927	122,398	

(ii) Other income

The details of the Group's other income for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	For t	For the years ended			
		2023			
Rent income	\$	18,827	3,246		
Government subsidy		131,206	41,439		
Other income		314,338	360,259		
	\$	464,371	404,944		

(iii) Other gains and losses

The details of the Group's other gains and losses for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

For	December 31	
	2024	2023
\$	835,572	278,614
	(32,851)	(37,737)
	24,895	-
	(33,754)	(5,931)
	(923)	1,226
	(17,358)	(91,218)
\$	775,581	144,954
		\$ 835,572 (32,851) 24,895 (33,754) (923) (17,358)

(iv) Financial costs

The details of the Group's financial costs for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	For	For the years ended December 31			
		2024	2023		
Interest expense	\$	283,973	252,120		

(t) Financial instruments

(i) Credit risks

1) Credit risk exposure

The carrying amounts of financial assets represented the maximum credit risk exposure of the Group.

2) The concentration of credit risk

On December 31, 2024 and 2023, 69% and 85% of the Group's total receivables were concentrated within a single overseas customer.

(ii) Liquidity risk

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities of the Group, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting arrangements:

		Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Less than 6 months	6 to 12 months	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years	More than 5 years
December 31, 2024	_							
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Notes and accounts payable	\$	4,131,129	4,131,129	4,129,971	1,158	-	-	-
Other payables		5,630,757	5,630,757	5,213,604	417,153	-	-	-
Unsecured bank loans		6,313,877	6,543,413	2,709,433	427,624	3,406,356	-	-
Other long-term borrowings		66,794	66,879	33	34	66,812	-	-
Lease liabilities	_	616,871	1,487,446	59,875	33,180	88,159	187,155	1,119,077
	\$_	16,759,428	17,859,624	12,112,916	879,149	3,561,327	187,155	1,119,077
December 31, 2023	_	_						
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Notes and accounts payable	\$	4,256,055	4,256,055	4,254,770	1,285	-	-	-
Other payables		5,250,463	5,250,463	5,248,385	2,078	-	-	-
Unsecured bank loans		5,644,017	5,908,547	2,148,930	268,648	3,490,969	-	-
Other long-term borrowings		115,311	115,442	57,708	29	58	57,647	-
Lease liabilities	_	547,619	1,384,905	52,150	29,703	68,498	167,561	1,066,993
	\$_	15,813,465	16,915,412	11,761,943	301,743	3,559,525	225,208	1,066,993

The Group does not expect the cash flows included in the maturity analysis to occur significantly earlier or at significantly different amounts.

(iii) Currency risks

1) Exposure to currency risks

	December 31, 2024					
		reign currency	Evolvana	a wata	TWD	
Financial assets	_	In thousands)	Exchange	<u> </u>	TWD	
Monetary items						
USD	\$	273,437	USD: TWD	32.735	8,950,954	
	,	40,115	USD: CNY	7.1844	1,313,177	
		86	USD: VND	25,401	2,809	
VND		708,229,589	VND: USD	0.00004	920,698	
INR		2,159,483	INR: USD	0.0117	826,868	
IDR		244,095,967	IDR: USD	0.0001	488,192	
Non-monetary ite	ms					
USD		40,208	USD: TWD	32.735	1,316,221	
Financial liabilities						
Monetary items						
USD		31,523	USD: TWD	32.735	1,031,920	
		12,176	USD: CNY	7.1844	398,578	
		39	USD: VND	25,401	1,284	
VND		1,990,486,088	VND: USD	0.00004	2,587,632	
INR		2,787,297	INR: USD	0.0117	1,067,256	
IDR		1,100,833,975	IDR: USD	0.0001	2,201,668	
			December 3	1, 2023		
		reign currency		,		
F: :1 .	_(In thousands)	Exchange	e rate	TWD	
Financial assets						
Monetary items USD	\$	264.627		20 655	0 112 442	
OSD	Ф	· ·	USD: TWD USD: CNY	30.655	8,112,443	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	USD: UND	7.0827 24,250	648,079	
VND		686,395,529	VND: USD	0.00004	202 214	
INR		1,333,654	INR: USD	0.0004	892,314	
IDR		1,555,054	IDR: USD	0.0120	491,852	
	mc	1/9,014,002	IDK · USD	0.0001	359,228	
Non-monetary ite USD	<u>1115</u>	25 221	USD: TWD	30.655	1,080,014	
USD		35,231		30.033	1,000,014	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	December 31, 2023						
	Foreign currency (In thousands)	Exchange rate		TWD			
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD	32,373	USD: TWD	30.655	992,407			
	13,505	USD: CNY	7.0827	414,003			
	151	USD: VND	24,250	4,622			
VND	1,850,403,222	VND: USD	0.00004	2,405,524			
INR	2,964,866	INR : USD	0.0120	1,093,443			
IDR	1,308,295,348	IDR : USD	0.0001	2,616,591			

2) Sensitivity analysis

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, loans and borrowings, accounts payable and other payables that are denominated in foreign currency. An appreciation or depreciation of 5% of the TWD against the USD, VND, INR and IDR for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, would have increased the net profit before tax by \$260,718 thousand and \$148,867 thousand, respectively. Performed based on the same basis, the analysis of both periods assumed that all other variables remained constant.

3) Foreign exchange gain and loss on monetary items

Since the Group has many kinds of functional currency, the information on foreign exchange gain on monetary items is disclosed by total amount. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, foreign exchange gain (including realized and unrealized portions) amounted to \$835,572 thousand and \$278,614 thousand, respectively.

(iv) Interest rate analysis

Please refer to the notes on liquidity risk management and interest rate exposure of the Group's financial assets and liabilities.

The following sensitivity analysis is based on the risk exposure to interest rate on the derivative and non-derivative financial instruments on the reporting date. For variable rate instruments, the sensitivity analysis assumes the variable rate liabilities are outstanding for the whole year at the reporting date. The change in interest rate reported to the Group's key management was based on 50 basis points, which is consistent with the assessment made by the key management in respect of the possible change in interest rate.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

If the interest rate increases or decreases by 50 basis points, with all other variable factors remaining constant, the Group's net profit before tax would have decreased or increased by \$20,463 thousand and \$21,029 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. This was mainly due to the Group's deposits and borrowings at variable rates.

(v) Fair value information

1) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The Group considered that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortized cost approximate their fair values.

2) Financial instruments measured at fair value

The fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is measured on a recurring basis. The table below analyzes financial instruments that are measured at fair value subsequent to initial recognition, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- a) Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identified assets or liabilities.
- b) Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- c) Level 3: inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).
- (vi) Valuation techniques for financial instruments measured at fair value

The fair value of the unlisted stocks held the Group is mainly estimated using the discounted cash flow model method, with reference to the Group's future growth rate, net worth, and operation.

(u) Financial risk management

(i) Overview

The Group had exposures to the following risks from its financial instruments:

- 1) credit risk
- 2) liquidity risk
- 3) market risk

The following likewise discusses the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing the above mentioned risk. For more disclosures about the quantitative effects of these risk exposures, please refer to the respective notes in the accompanying financial statement.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Risk management framework

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The internal auditors perform regular reviews by taking risk management control procedures and report to the Board of Directors.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Group Audit Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group. The Group Audit Committee is assisted in its oversight role by Internal Audit. Internal Audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Audit Committee.

(iii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and investments in debt securities.

1) Trade and other receivables

Exposure to credit risk of the Group is mainly affected by the condition of each customer. However, the management also considers the demographics of the Group's customer base, including the default risk of the industry and the country in which customers operate, as these factors may have an influence on credit risk.

Management has established a credit policy, under which when available, and, in some cases, each new customer is analyzed individually for credit rating before the Group's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Group's review includes external ratings bank references. Purchase limits are established for each customer, and these limits are reviewed periodically. Customers that fail to meet the Group's benchmark credit rating may transact with the Group only on a prepayment basis.

In monitoring the credit risk of the customers, the Group groups them according to the credit characteristics of the customers; for example, by whether they are primary or secondary customers, region, industry, age and maturity date of receivables, and previously existing financial difficulties. The Group's accounts receivable were mainly due from Group's customers. Customers rated as high risk are classified as restricted customers and monitored, and those customers may transact with the Group only on a prepayment basis in the future.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Group has established an allowance account for bad debts that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of trade receivables, other receivables, and investments. This allowance mainly comprises a specific loss component that relates to individually significant exposures, and a collective loss component established for groups of similar assets in respect of losses that have been incurred but not yet identified. This allowance for the loss component is determined based on historical payment statistics of similar financial assets.

2) Investment

The credit risk exposure for the bank deposits and other financial instruments are measured and monitored by the Group's finance department. The Group only deals with banks, other external parties, corporate organizations, government agencies and financial institutions with good credit rating. The Group does not expect any counterparty above fails to meet its obligations hence there is no significant credit risk arising from these counterparties.

3) Guarantees

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, there was no guarantee outstanding.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The Group monitors the level of expected cash outflows on trade and other payables. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters. In addition, the total amount of unused credit facilities as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, amounted to \$13,798,013 thousand and \$13,855,266 thousand, respectively.

(v) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices, will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

1) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk on sales, purchases and borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of the Group's entities, primarily the New Taiwan Dollars (TWD), US Dollars (USD) and China Yuan (CNY). The currencies used in these transactions are denominated in TWD, USD, VND, INR, IDR and CNY.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The interest is denominated in the currency used in the borrowings. Borrowings were generally denominated in currencies that match with the cash flows generated by the underlying operations of the Group, primarily TWD, USD, VND, INR and CNY. This provided an economic hedge without derivatives being entered into, and therefore, hedge accounting was not applied in these circumstances.

In respect of other monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, the Group ensures that its net exposure is kept to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates when necessary to address short term imbalances.

2) Interest rate risk

The Group's risk exposure on to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to short-term and long-term loans at floating rates. Any change in interest rates will cause the effective interest rates of short-term and long-term loans to change and thus cause the future cash flows to fluctuate over time.

(v) Capital management

The Group meets its objectives for managing capital to safeguard the capacity to continue to operate, to continue to provide a return to shareholders and other related parties, and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to the shareholders, reduce the capital for redistribution to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to settle any liabilities.

The Group's debt-to-equity ratios on the reporting dates were as follows:

	Dec	December 31, 2023	
Total liabilities	\$	25,563,900	25,592,092
Less: cash and cash equivalents		(5,140,543)	(3,858,842)
Net debt		20,423,357	21,733,250
Total equity		28,828,882	25,054,831
Total capital	\$	49,252,239	46,788,081
Debt-to-equity ratio on period end	=	41.47 %	46.45 %

(w) Investing and financing activities not affecting current cash flow

The Group's investing and financing activities which did not affect the current cash flow for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities was as follows:

			<u>-</u>	Non-cash changes		
		January 1, 2024	Cash flows	Others	Foreign exchange movement	December 31, 2024
Long-term borrowings	\$	3,509,219	(249,776)	-	138,220	3,397,663
Short-term borrowings		2,250,109	686,181	-	46,718	2,983,008
Lease liabilities	_	547,619	(37,740)	70,418	36,574	616,871
Total liabilities from financing activities	\$	6,306,947	398,665	70,418	221,512	6,997,542
			_	Non-cash changes		
					Foreign	
		January 1,			exchange	December 31,
		2023	Cash flows	Others	movement	2023
Long-term borrowings	\$	2,525,493	618,000	-	365,726	3,509,219
Short-term borrowings		435,372	2,187,985	-	(373,248)	2,250,109
Lease liabilities		584,172	(35,040)	4,456	(5,969)	547,619

(7) Related-party transactions:

(a) Name of related parties and relationship

Total liabilities from financing activities

The followings are entities that had transactions with related party during the periods covered in the consolidated financial statements.

\$ 3,545,037

2,770,945

4,456

(13,491)

6,306,947

Name of related party	Relationship with the Group
Shoe Majesty Co., Ltd.	A joint venture under the Group's joint arrangement
Vietnam Shoe Majesty Co., Ltd.	"
Hong Kong Shoe Majesty Trading Company	"
Limited	

(b) Significant transactions with related parties

(i) Operating income

The amounts of significant sales by the Group to related parties were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
The Group is a joint venture under the joint agreement	\$ <u> </u>	3,994	

(ii) Other revenue

	For the years ended December 3		
	2024	2023	
The Group is a joint venture under the joint agreement	\$ 10,046	9,390	

(iii) Other expense

	For	For the years ended December 3		
		2024	2023	
The Group is a joint venture under the joint agreement	\$	-	161	

(iv) Receivables due from Related Parties

The receivables due from related parties of the Group were as follows:

Account item	Category of related party	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Other receivables	The Group is a joint venture under	-	
	the joint agreement	\$963	761

(c) Key management personnel transactions

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

	For the years ended December 31			
		2024	2023	
Short-term employee benefits	\$	341,396	288,374	
Post-employment benefits		5,114	5,017	
	\$	346,510	293,391	

(8) Pledged assets:

The book values of pledged assets were as follows:

Pledged assets	Object	De	ecember 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Other current financial assets	Customs deposit and lease deposit	\$	956	1,362
Other non-current financial assets	Customs deposit and lease deposit		103,172	102,622
assets		_		
		\$	104,128	103,984

(9) Commitments and contingencies:

- (a) As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group has issued promissory notes for short-term and long-term borrowings of \$9,946,150 thousand and \$9,258,950 thousand, respectively.
- (b) As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group had payables in respect of important construction contracts, amounting to \$1,541,756 thousand and \$2,013,356 thousand, respectively.
- (10) Losses Due to Major Disasters: None
- (11) Subsequent Events: None

(12) Others:

(a) A summary of current-period employee benefits, depreciation, and amortization, by function, is as follows:

	For the year ended December 31, 2024			For the year ended December 31, 2023		
By function By item	Cost of Sale	Operating Expense	Total	Cost of Sale	Operating Expense	Total
Employee benefits						
Salary	\$ 19,558,031	6,827,514	26,385,545	19,979,430	6,027,466	26,006,896
Labor and health insurance	2,235,281	599,596	2,834,877	2,252,931	567,875	2,820,806
Pension	1,330,007	354,530	1,684,537	1,270,885	338,382	1,609,267
Other employee benefits	2,465,287	694,694	3,159,981	2,600,013	584,168	3,184,181
Depreciation	2,145,381	948,394	3,093,775	1,987,261	785,507	2,772,768
Amortization	8,254	67,704	75,958	5,452	48,751	54,203

(b) Seasonality of operation

The Group's operations are not affected by seasonal or cyclical factors.

(13) Other disclosures

(a) Information on significant transactions

The followings is the information on significant transactions required by the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" for the Group for the year ended December 31, 2024:

- i. Loans to other parties: None
- ii. Guarantees and endorsements for other parties: None
- iii. Securities held as of December 31, 2024 (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): None
- iv. Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of \$300 million or 20% of the capital stock:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

	Marketable Eigensie				Beginning Balance Acquisition			Disposal				Ending Balance		
Company Name	Securities Type and Name	Financial Statement Account	Counterparty	Nature of Relationship	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Carrying Value	Gain/Loss on Disposal	Shares	Amount (Note1 and 3)
	Stock													
Feng Tay	India	Investments	-	Subsidiary	280,328,078	927,522	181,679,889	695,835	-	-	-	-	462,007,967	1,383,147
Enterprises	Tindivanam	accounted												
Co., Ltd.	Footwear	for using												
	Private	equity												
	Limited	method												

Note 1: The ending balance includes the realized gain/loss on equity investment and exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements.

- v. Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of \$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- vi. Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of \$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- vii. Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of \$100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

			Transaction details				Transactions with terms different from others		Notes/ Accounts receivable (payable)		
Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ sales	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms	Ending balance	Percentage of total notes/ accounts receivable (payable)	Note
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	PT Feng Tay Indonesia Enterprises	Parent and subsidiary	Sale	1,824,884	2%		Selling price of goods was determined through negotiations and there were no other transactions with non-related parties to compare with.	-	478,643	4%	
"	"	"	Purchase	6,724,623	9%	20 days	"	-	(357,256)	(5%)	-

Note 2: Reconciliated in the preparation of the consolidated report.

Note 3: Amounts denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the spot exchange rate at the reporting date. (On December 31, 2024, the USD closing exchange rate of 32.735)

				Transac	tion details		Transactions wi		Notes/ Accour		
Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ sales	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms	Ending balance	Percentage of total notes/ accounts receivable (payable)	Note
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	India Tindivanam Footwear Private Limited	Parent and subsidiary	Sale	846,714	1%	90 days	Selling price of goods was determined through negotiations and there were no other transactions with non-related parties to compare with.	-	433,547	4%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	431,695	1%	30 days	"	-	(79,843)	(1%)	-
"	Lotus Footwear Enterprises Limited (India Branch)	"	Sale	2,259,723	3%	60/90 days	"	-	602,668	5%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	5,262,384	7%	30 days	"	-	(567,613)	(7%)	-
"	East Wind Footwear Company Limited (India Branch)	"	Sale	1,487,291	2%	60 days	"	-	343,464	3%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	3,726,977	5%	30 days	"	-	(529,159)	(7%)	-
"	Fairway Enterprises Company Limited (India Branch)	"	Sale	2,104,556		30 days	"	-	353,643	3%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	4,834,013	6%	30 days	"	-	(336,528)	(4%)	-
"	Fujian Lifeng Footwear Industrial Development Company Limited	"	Sale	831,176	1%	15 days	"	-	70,557	1%	-
"	<i>"</i>	"	Purchase	3,288,396	4%	15 days	"	-	(141,271)	(2%)	-
"	Fujian San Feng Footwear Company Limited	"	Sale	689,182	1%	15 days	"	-	36,858	-	-
"	"	"	Purchase	3,075,940	4%	15 days	"	-	(162,547)	(2%)	-
"	Fujian Xiefeng Footwear Company Limited	"	Sale	1,309,017	2%	15 days	"	=	92,084	1%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	3,985,787	5%	15 days	"	-	(306,345)	(4%)	-
"	Fujian Great Hope Footwear Company Limited	"	Sale	139,991	-	15 days	"	-	7,836	-	-
"	"	"	Purchase	1,112,585	1%	60 days	"	-	(171,284)	(2%)	
"	Fujian Putian Xie Feng Mold Company Limited	"	Sale	129,497	-	15 days	"	-	10,441	-	-
"	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	"	Purchase	182,413	-	30 days	"	-	(14,687)	-	
,	Suzhou Yufeng Plastics Technology Co., Ltd.	,	Sale	306,955		15 days	,	-	54,297	-	-
"	Dona Pacific (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	"	"	1,634,155	2%	30 days		-	110,879	1%	-
"	(victually Co., Etc.	"	Purchase	7,155,098	9%	15 days	"	-	(362,791)	(5%)	-
"	Vietnam Dona Orient Co., Ltd.	"	Sale	2,602,606		30 days	"	-	238,959	2%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	6,459,522	8%	30 days	"	-	(593,477)	(7%)	-
"	Dona Victor Footwear Co., Ltd.	"	Sale	1,185,781	1%	30 days	"	-	66,283	1%	-
"	Vietnam Dona Standard Footwear	"	Purchase Sale	7,302,042 3,870,973		30 days 75 days	"	-	(798,738) 809,179	(10%) 7%	-
"	Co., Ltd	"	Purchase	17,210,540	22%	30 days	"	_	(1,284,223)	(16%)	
"	Vung Tau Orient Co., Ltd	"	Sale	1,152,389		120 days	"	-	311,052	3%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	3,088,997	4%	10 days	"	-	(181,636)	(2%)	-
"	Vietnam Nam Ha Footwear Company Limited	"	Sale	173,272	-	90 days	"	-	82,636	1%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	581,382	1%	10 days	"	-	(34,596)	=	-
Great Eastern Industries Limited	Fujian Xiefeng Footwear Company Limited	Associate	Sale	188,933	100%	20 days	"	-	4,759	33%	-
PT Feng Tay Indonesia Enterprises	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	Sale	6,724,623	100%	20 days	"	-	357,256	99%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	1,824,884	36%	90 days	"	-	(478,643)	(72%)	-

				Transact	tion details		Transactions wi		Notes/ Accour		
Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ sales	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms	Ending balance	Percentage of total notes/ accounts receivable (payable)	Note
Fujian Lifeng Footwear Industrial Development Company Limited	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	Sale	3,288,396	77%	15 days	Selling price of goods was determined through negotiations and there were no other transactions with non-related parties to compare with.	-	141,271	68%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	831,176	36%	15 days	"	-	(70,557)	(36%)	-
"	Fujian Xiefeng Footwear Company Limited	Associate	"	246,184	11%	10~15 days	"	-	(25,992)	(13%)	-
"	Fujian Putian Xie Feng Mold Company Limited	"	"	183,245	8%	10~15 days	"	-	(8,571)	(4%)	-
Fujian Xiefeng Footwear Company Limited	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd	Subsidiary and parent	Sale	3,985,787	72%	15 days	"	-	306,345	77%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	1,309,017	41%	15 days	"	-	(92,084)	(35%)	-
"	Fujian Lifeng Footwear Industrial Development	Associate	Sale	246,184	4%	10~15 days	"	-	25,992	7%	-
"	Company Limited Fujian San Feng Footwear Company Limited	"	"	213,236	4%	15~20 days	"	-	11,843	3%	-
"	Great Eastern Industries Limited	"	Purchase	188,933	6%	20 days	"	-	(4,759)	(2%)	-
"	Fujian Putian Xie Feng Mold Company Limited	"	"	220,729	7%	10~15 days	"	-	(9,486)	(4%)	-
Fujian San Feng Footwear Company Limited	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	Sale	3,075,940	75%	15 days	"	-	162,547	86%	-
".		, ,	Purchase "	689,182	30%	15 days	,,	-	(36,858)	(22%)	-
	Fujian Xiefeng Footwear Company Limited	Associate		213,236	9%	15~20 days	,	-	(11,843)	(7%)	-
".	Fujian Putian Xie Feng Mold Company Limited	"	"	169,811	7%	10~15 days	"	-	(16,394)	(10%)	-
Hope Footwear Company	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	Sale	1,112,585	99%	60 days	"	-	171,284	98%	-
Limited "	"	"	Purchase	139,991	27%	15 days	"	_	(7,836)	(10%)	_
"	Fujian Putian Xie Feng Mold Company Limited	Associate	"	136,238		10~60 days	"	-	(28,530)	(37%)	-
Xie Feng Mold Company	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	Sale	182,413	18%	30 days	"	-	14,687	17%	-
Limited "	"	,,	Dunahaaa	120 407	420/	15 days	"		(10.441)	(510/)	_
"	Fujian Xiefeng Footwear Company	Associate	Purchase Sale	129,497 220,729	42% 22%	15 days 10~15 days	"	-	(10,441) 9,486	(51%) 11%	-
"	Limited Fujian Lifeng Footwear Industrial Development	"	"	183,245	18%	"	"	-	8,571	10%	-
"	Fujian San Feng Footwear Company Limited	"	"	169,811	17%	"	"	-	16,394	19%	-
"	Fujian Great Hope Footwear Company Limited	"	"	136,238	14%	10~60 days	"	-	28,530	32%	-
"	Suzhou Yufeng Plastics Technology Co., Ltd.	"	"	101,431	10%	15~30 days	"	-	9,598	11%	-

				Transact	ion details		Transactions wit		Notes/ Accou	nts receivable able)	
Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ sales	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms	Ending balance	Percentage of total notes/ accounts receivable (payable)	Note
Suzhou Yufeng Plastics Technology Co., Ltd.	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	Purchase	306,955	73%	15 days	Selling price of goods was determined through negotiations and there were no other transactions with non-related parties to compare with	-	(54,297)	(85%)	-
"	Fujian Putian Xie Feng Mold Company Limited	Associate	"	101,431	24%	15~30 days	″	-	(9,598)	(15%)	-
Vietnam Shoe Majesty Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong Shoe Majesty Trading Company Limited	Associate	Sale	6,210,494	100%	Payment after Delivery	"	-	867,563	100%	-
Hong Kong Shoe Majesty Trading Company Limited	Vietnam Shoe Majesty Co., Ltd.	Associate	Purchase	6,210,494	100%	Payment after Delivery	"	-	(867,563)	(99%)	-
Dona Victor Footwear Co., Ltd.	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	Sale	7,302,042	100%	30 days	"	-	798,738	100%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	1,185,781	65%	30 days	"	-	(66,283)	(19%)	-
"	Dona Pacific (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Associate	"	168,070	9%	60 days	"	-	(16,786)	(5%)	-
"	Dona Victor Molds	"	"	220,413	12%	60 days	"	-	(9,724)	(3%)	-
"	Mfg Co., Ltd. Vietnam Dona Standard Footwear	"	"	174,967	10%	60 days	"	-	(17,443)	(5%)	-
Dona Pacific (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Co., Ltd. Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	Sale	7,155,098	93%	15 days	"	-	362,791	88%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	1,634,155	81%	30 days	"	-	(110,879)	(29%)	-
"	Vietnam Dona Orient Co., Ltd.	Associate	Sale	229,836	3%	60 days	"	-	18,038	4%	-
"	Vietnam Dona Standard Footwear Co., Ltd.	"	"	134,862	2%	60 days	"	-	12,085	3%	=
"	Dona Victor	"	"	168,070	2%	60 days	"	-	16,786	4%	-
Vietnam Dona Orient	Footwear Co., Ltd. Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	Sale	6,459,522	72%	30 days	"	-	593,477	69%	=
Co., Ltd.	"	"	Purchase	2,602,606	67%	30 days	"	_	(238,959)	(50%)	_
"	Vietnam Dona Standard Footwear Co., Ltd.	Associate	"	135,014	3%	60 days	"	-	(11,488)	(2%)	-
"	Dona Pacific (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	"	"	229,836	6%	60 days	"	-	(18,038)	(4%)	-
Dona Victor Molds Mfg Co., Ltd.	Dona Victor Footwear Co., Ltd.	Associate	Sale	220,413	28%	60 days	"	-	9,724	17%	=
"	Vietnam Dona Standard Footwear Co., Ltd.	"	"	358,880	46%	60 days	"	-	21,053	37%	-
Vung Tau Orient Co., Ltd.	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	Sale	3,088,997	100%	10 days	"	-	181,636	99%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	1,152,389		120 days	"	-	(311,052)	(77%)	-
Vietnam Dona Standard Footwear	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	Sale	17,210,540	97%	30 days	"	-	1,284,223	96%	-
Co., Ltd	"	,,	Durahasa	3,870,973	86%	75 da	"		(809,179)	(60%)	
"	Dona Victor	Associate	Purchase Sale	3,870,973 174,967	86% 1%	75 days 60 days	"	-	(809,179) 17,443	(60%) 1%	-
"	Footwear Co., Ltd. Vietnam Dona Orient	"	"	135,014	1%	60 days	"	_	11,488	1%	-
"	Co., Ltd. Dona Pacific	"	Purchase	134,862	3%	60 days	"	_	(12,085)	(1%)	_
"	(Vietnam) Co., Ltd. Dona Victor Molds	,,	r urchase	358,880		60 days	"	_	(21,053)	(2%)	-
	Mfg. Co., Ltd.			220,080	6%	oo days		_	(21,033)	(2%)	_

				Transact	ion details		Transactions wi		Notes/ Accour		
Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ sales	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms	Ending balance	Percentage of total notes/ accounts receivable (payable)	Note
Vietnam Nam Ha Footwear Company Limited	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	Sale	581,382	99%	10 days	Selling price of goods was determined through negotiations and there were no other transactions with non-related parties to compare with	-	34,596	100%	•
"	"	"	Purchase	173,272	80%	90 days	"	-	(82,636)	(43%)	-
India Tindivanam Footwear Private Limited	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	Sale	431,695	82%	30 days	".	-	79,843	85%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	846,714	95%	90 days	"	-	(433,547)	(89%)	-
East Wind Footwear Company Limited (India Branch)	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	Sale	3,726,977	99%	30 days	"	-	529,159	99%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	1,487,291	94%	60 days	"	-	(343,464)	(82%)	-
Lotus Footwear Enterprises Limited (India Branch)	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	Sale	5,262,384	96%	30 days	"	-	567,613	88%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	2,259,723	100%	60/90 days	"	-	(602,668)	(93%)	-
Fairway Enterprises Company Limited (India Branch)	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	Sale	4,834,013	99%	30 days	"	-	336,528	96%	-
"	"	"	Purchase	2,104,556	98%	30 days	"	-	(353,643)	(87%)	-

Note: Reconciliated in the preparation of the consolidated report.

viii. Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of \$100 million or 20% of capital stock:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

		Nature of	Ending		Overo	lue	Amounts received	Allowance
Name of company	Related party	relationship	balance (Note 1)	Turnover	Amount	Action taken	in subsequent period	for credit loss
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	PT Feng Tay Indonesia Enterprises	Parent and subsidiary	478,643	3.99	-	-	186,964	-
"	India Tindivanam Footwear Private Limited	"	433,547	3.18	85,540	-	18,896	-
"	Lotus Footwear Enterprises Limited (India Branch)	"	602,668	4.29	-	-	196,592	-
"	East Wind Footwear Company Limited (India Branch)	"	343,464	4.86	16,562	-	110,774	-
"	Fairway Enterprises Company Limited (India Branch)	"	353,643	6.69	-	-	200,051	-
"	Dona Pacific (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	"	110,879	13.52	-	-	107,142	-
"	Vietnam Dona Orient Co., Ltd.	"	238,959	5.76	-	-	230,552	-
"	Vietnam Dona Standard Footwear Co., Ltd.	"	809,179	5.02	-	-	306,320	-
"	Vung Tau Orient Co., Ltd.	"	311,052	3.76	-	-	52,000	-

	NI-4	Ending		Over	due	Amounts received	Allowance
Related party	relationship	balance (Note 1)	Turnover	Amount	Action taken	in subsequent period	for credit loss
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	357,256	17.21	-	-	357,094	-
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	141,271	24.93	-	-	141,271	-
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	306,345	17.27	-	-	306,122	-
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	162,547	27.59	-	-	162,547	-
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	171,284	6.22	-	-	146,658	-
Hong Kong Shoe Majesty Trading Company Limited	Associate	867,563	7.05	-	-		-
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	798,738	9.32	-	-	798,738	-
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	362,791	20.03	-	-	362,791	-
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	593,477	9.96	-	-	593,477	-
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	181,636	19.97	-	-	181,636	-
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	1,284,223	20.14	-	-	1,279,550	-
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	529,159	7.14	-	-	296,180	-
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	567,613	8.61	-	-	436,188	-
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary and parent	336,528	12.29	-	-	336,528	-
	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd. Hong Kong Shoe Majesty Trading Company Limited Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd. Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd. Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Subsidiary and parent Hong Kong Shoe Majesty Trading Company Limited Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd. Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Subsidiary and parent Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Subsidiary and parent	Related partyNature of relationshipbalance (Note 1)Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent357,256Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent141,271Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent306,345Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent162,547Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent171,284Hong Kong Shoe Majesty Trading Company LimitedAssociate867,563Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent798,738Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent362,791Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent593,477Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent1,284,223Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent1,284,223Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent529,159Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent567,613Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent567,613Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent567,613	Related partyNature of relationshipbalance (Note 1)TurnoverFeng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent357,25617.21Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent141,27124.93Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent306,34517.27Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent162,54727.59Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent171,2846.22Hong Kong Shoe Majesty Trading Company LimitedAssociate867,5637.05Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent798,7389.32Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent362,79120.03Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent593,4779.96Ltd.Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent181,63619.97Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent1,284,22320.14Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent529,1597.14Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent567,6138.61Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent567,6138.61Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent567,6138.61	Related partyNature of relationshipDalance (Note 1)Turnover (Note 1)Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent357,25617.21-Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent141,27124.93-Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent306,34517.27-Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent162,54727.59-Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent171,2846.22-Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Associate867,5637.05-Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent798,7389.32-Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent362,79120.03-Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent593,4779.96-Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent181,63619.97-Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent1,284,22320.14-Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent529,1597.14-Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.Subsidiary and parent567,6138.61-Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Subsidiary and parent567,6138.61-Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Subsidiary and parent567,6138.61-Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Subsidiary and parent567,6138.61-	Related party relationship balance (Note 1) Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd. Subsidiary and parent Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd. Subsidiary and parent Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd. Subsidiary and parent Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Subsidiary and parent	Related party Nature of relationship (Note 1) balance (Note 1) Turnover (Note 1) Amount taken Action taken in subsequent period Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd. Subsidiary and parent 357,256 17.21 - - 357,094 Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd. Subsidiary and parent 141,271 24.93 - - 141,271 Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd. Subsidiary and parent 306,345 17.27 - - 306,122 Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd. Subsidiary and parent 162,547 27.59 - - 162,547 Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd. Subsidiary and parent 171,284 6.22 - - 146,658 Hong Kong Shoe Majesty Trading Company Limited Associate 867,563 7.05 - - 798,738 Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd. Subsidiary and parent 362,791 20.03 - - 798,738 Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd. Subsidiary and parent 593,477 9.96 - - 593,477 Feng Tay Enterprises

Note 1: Reconciliated in the preparation of the consolidated report.

ix. Trading in derivative instruments: None

x. Business relationships and significant intercompany transactions:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

			Nature of		Intercompany transactions			
No. (Note1)	Name of company	Name of counter-party	relationship (Note 2)	Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets	
0	Feng Tay Enterprises	PT Feng Tay	1	Sales revenue	1,824,884	Note 3	2.0859%	
"	Co., Ltd.	Indonesia Enterprises	"	Cost of sales	6,724,623	Note 3	7.6864%	
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due	478,643	90 days	0.8800%	
"	"	"	"	from related parties Accounts payable to related parties	357,256	•	0.6568%	
"	"	India Tindivanam	"	Sales revenue	846,714	Note 3	0.9678%	
		Footwear Private						
"	"	Limited "	"	Cost of sales	431,695	Note 3	0.4934%	

		Namire of		nny transactions			
No. (Note1)	Name of company	Name of counter-party	relationship (Note 2)	Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets
0	Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	India Tindivanam Footwear Private Limited	1	Accounts receivable due from related parties	433,547	90 days	0.7971%
"	"	Zimited "	"	Accounts payable to related parties	79,843	30 days	0.1468%
"	"	Lotus Footwear Enterprises Limited	"	Sales revenue	2,259,723	Note 3	2.5829%
"	"	(India Branch)	"	Cost of sales	5,262,384	Note 3	6.0150%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	602,668	60/90 days	1.1080%
"	"	"	"	Accounts payable to related parties	567,613	30 days	1.0435%
"	"	East Wind Footwear Company Limited (India Branch)	"	Sales revenue	1,487,291	Note 3	1.7000%
"	"	(Ilidia Braileii)	"	Cost of sales	3,726,977	Note 3	4.2600%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	343,464	60 days	0.6315%
"	"	"	"	Accounts payable to related parties	529,159	30 days	0.9728%
"	"	Fairway Enterprises Company Limited (India Branch)	"	Sales revenue	2,104,556	Note 3	2.4056%
"	"	(mala Brahen)	"	Cost of sales	4,834,013	Note 3	5.5254%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	353,643	30 days	0.6502%
"	"	"	"	Accounts payable to related parties	336,528	30 days	0.6187%
"	"	Fujian Lifeng Footwear Industrial Development Company Limited	"	Sales revenue	831,176	Note 3	0.9501%
"	"	"	"	Cost of sales	3,288,396	Note 3	3.7587%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	70,557	15 days	0.1297%
"	"	"	"	Accounts payable to related parties	141,271	15 days	0.2597%
"	"	Fujian San Feng Footwear Company Limited	"	Sales revenue	689,182	Note 3	0.7877%
"	"	"	"	Cost of sales	3,075,940	Note 3	3.5159%
"	"	,,	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	36,858	-	0.0678%
,,	,,	"	"	Accounts payable to related parties	162,547	-	0.2988%
~	,	Fujian Xiefeng Footwear Company Limited	,	Sales revenue	1,309,017	Note 3	1.4962%
"	"	"	"	Cost of sales	3,985,787	Note 3	4.5558%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	92,084	-	0.1693%
				Accounts payable to related parties	306,345	-	0.5632%
"	"	Fujian Great Hope Footwear Company Limited	"	Sales revenue	139,991	Note 3	0.1600%
"	"	"	"	Cost of sales	1,112,585	Note 3	1.2717%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	7,836	15 days	0.0144%

		Nature of Intercompany		mpany transactions			
No. (Note1)	Name of company	Name of counter-party	relationship (Note 2)	Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets
0	Feng Tay Enterprises	Fujian Great Hone	1	Accounts payable to	171,284	60 days	0.3149%
	Co., Ltd.	Footwear Company Limited	1	related parties	171,204	oo days	0.3147/0
"	"	Fujian Putian Xie Feng Mold Company	"	Sales revenue	129,497	Note 3	0.1480%
		Limited					
"	"	"	"	Cost of sales	182,413	Note 3	0.2085%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	10,441	15 days	0.0192%
"	"	"	"	Accounts payable to related parties	14,687	30 days	0.0270%
"	"	Suzhou Yufeng Plastics Technology Co., Ltd.	"	Sales revenue	306,955	Note 3	0.3509%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	54,297	15 days	0.0998%
"	"	Dona Pacific (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	"	Sales revenue	1,634,155	Note 3	1.8679%
"	"	(Vietnam) Co., Liu.	"	Cost of sales	7,155,098	Note 3	8.1784%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	110,879	30 days	0.2038%
"	"	"	"	Accounts payable to related parties	362,791	15 days	0.6670%
"	"	Vietnam Dona Orient Co., Ltd.	"	Sales revenue	2,602,606	Note 3	2.9748%
"	"	// // // // // // // // // // // // //	"	Technical service income	168,703	Note 4	0.1928%
"	"	"	"	Cost of sales	6,459,522	Note 3	7.3834%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	238,959	30 days	0.4393%
"	"	"	"	Accounts payable to related parties	593,477	30 days	1.0911%
"	"	Dona Victor Footwear Co., Ltd.	"	Sales revenue	1,185,781	Note 3	1.3554%
"	"	"	"	Cost of sales	7,302,042	Note 3	8.3464%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	66,283	30 days	0.1219%
"	"	"	"	Accounts payable to related parties	798,738	30 days	1.4685%
"	"	Vietnam Dona Standard Footwear Co., Ltd.	"	Sales revenue	3,870,973	Note 3	4.4246%
"	"	"	"	Cost of sales	17,210,540	Note 3	19.6720%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	809,179	75 days	1.4877%
"	"	"	"	Accounts payable to related parties	1,284,223	30 days	2.3610%
"	"	Vung Tau Orient Co., Ltd.	"	Sales revenue	1,152,389	Note 3	1.3172%
"	"	// // // // // // // // // // // // //	"	Cost of sales	3,088,997	Note 3	3.5308%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	311,052	120 days	0.5719%
"	"	"	"	Accounts payable to	181,636	10 days	0.3339%
"	"	Vietnam Nam Ha Footwear Company	"	related parties Sales revenue	173,272	Note 3	0.1981%
"	"	Limited "	"	Cost of sales	581,382	Note 3	0.6645%

					Intercompa	ny transactions	
No. (Note1)	Name of company	Name of counter-party	Nature of relationship (Note 2)	Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets
0	Feng Tay Enterprises	Vietnam Nam Ha	1	Accounts receivable due	82,636	90 days	0.1519%
	Co., Ltd.	Footwear Company Limited	1	from related parties	82,030	90 days	0.1319/0
"	"	"	"	Accounts payable to related parties	34,596	10 days	0.0636%
1	Great Eastern Industries Limited.	Fujian Xiefeng Footwear Company Limited	3	Sales revenue	188,933	Note 3	0.2160%
"	"	Limited "	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	4,759	20 days	0.0087%
2	Fujian Xiefeng Footwear Company Limited	Fujian Lifeng Footwear Industrial Development	3	Sales revenue	246,184	Note 3	0.2814%
"	"	Company Limited	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	25,992	10~15 days	0.0478%
"	"	Fujian San Feng Footwear Company Limited	"	Sales revenue	213,236	Note 3	0.2437%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	11,843	15~20 days	0.0218%
3	Fujian Putian Xie Feng Mold Company Limited	Fujian Xiefeng Footwear Company Limited	3	Sales revenue	220,729	Note 3	0.2523%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	9,486	10~15 days	0.0174%
"	"	Fujian Lifeng Footwear Industrial Development Company Limited	"	Sales revenue	183,245	Note 3	0.2095%
"	"	" " "	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	8,571	10~15 days	0.0158%
"	"	Fujian Great Hope Footwear Company Limited	"	Sales revenue	136,238	Note 3	0.1557%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	28,530	10~60 days	0.0525%
"	"	Fujian San Feng Footwear Company Limited	"	Sales revenue	169,811	Note 3	0.1941%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	16,394	10~15 days	0.0301%
"	"	Suzhou Yufeng Plastics Technology Co., Ltd.	"	Sales revenue	101,431	Note 3	0.1159%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	9,598	15~30 days	0.0176%
4	Dona Pacific (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Vietnam Dona Orient Co., Ltd.		Sales revenue	229,836	Note 3	0.2627%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	18,038	60 days	0.0332%
"	"	Vietnam Dona Standard Footwear Co.,	"	Sales revenue	134,862	Note 3	0.1542%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	12,085	60 days	0.0222%
"	"	Dona Victor Footwear Co., Ltd.	"	Sales revenue	168,070	Note 3	0.1921%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	16,786	60 days	0.0309%
5	Dona Victor Molds Mfg Co., Ltd.	Dona Victor Footwear Co., Ltd.	3	Sales revenue	220,413	Note 3	0.2519%
"	"	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	9,724	60 days	0.0179%

			Nature of		Intercompa	ny transactions	
No. (Note1)	Name of company	Name of counter-party	relationship (Note 2)	Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets
5	Dona Victor Molds	Vietnam Dona	3	Sales revenue	358,880	Note 3	0.4102%
	Mfg Co., Ltd.	Standard Footwear					
"	"	Co., Ltd.	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	21,053	60 days	0.0387%
6	Vietnam Dona	Dona Victor	3	Sales revenue	174,967	Note 3	0.2000%
	Standard Footwear	Footwear Co., Ltd.					
"	Co.,	"	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	17,443	60 days	0.0321%
"	"	Vietnam Dona Orient	"	Sales revenue	135,014	Note 3	0.1543%
"	"	Co., Ltd.	"	Accounts receivable due from related parties	11,488	60 days	0.0211%

Note 1: The numbers filled in as follows:

- 1. 0 represents the parent company.
- 2. Subsidiaries are sorted in a numerical order starting from 1.

Note 2: Transactions labeled as follows:

- 1. represents transactions between the parent company and its subsidiaries.
- $2.\ represents$ transactions between the subsidiaries and the parent company.
- 3. represents transactions between subsidiaries.

Note 3: Selling price of goods is determined through negotiations and there are no other transactions with non-related parties to compare with.

Note 4: Revenue is calculated based on a certain ratio determined by the contract, and there are no other transactions with non-related party to compare with.

(b) Information on investment

The following is the information on investment for the year ended December 31, 2024 (excluding information on investment in Mainland China):

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

									(In Thousar	ius of New	Taiwaii Do	mar)
Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Main businesses and products	Original investment amount Balance as of December 31, 2024		Highest balance during the year Percentage of ownership	Net income (losses) of investee	Share of profits/los ses of investee	Note (Note 6)			
				December	December	G)	Percentage	Carrying				
				31, 2024	31, 2023	Shares	of ownership	value				
Enterprises	PT Feng Tay Indonesia Enterprises	Indonesia	Manufacturing of athletic shoes, casual shoes, semi-finished footwear and footwear accessories	1,324,722	1,324,722	53,999	99.99%	1,142,889	99.99%	(99,820)	(99,818)	Subsidiary (Note 5)
"	PT Rich Valley Indonesia	"	Manufacturing of athletic shoes, casual shoes, semi-finished footwear and footwear accessories	1,063,389	1,063,389	519,990	99.99%	1,181,608	99.99%	(3,024)	(3,024)	"
	Growth-Link Overseas Company Limited	Bermuda	Investment holding	5,521,531	5,521,531	6,000,000	100.00%	16,990,365	100.00%	2,543,651	2,543,651	"
"	VX Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	446,117	446,117	38,280	47.26%	863,799	47.26%	145,161	68,603	"
"	Shoe Majesty Co., Ltd.	"	Investment holding	203,466	203,466	6,120	20.40%	535,216	20.40%	324,642	66,227	Investee under the equity method

Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Main businesses and products				Highest balance during the year Percentage of ownership	Net income (losses) of investee	Share of profits/los ses of investee	Note (Note 6)		
				December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Shares	Percentage of ownership	Carrying value	r			
Feng Tay Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Dona Orient Holdings Limited	British Virgin Island	Investment holding	1,529,928	1,529,928	44,753	40.97%	4,263,986	40.97%	1,271,049	520,749	Subsidiary (Note 5)
"	Great Eastern Industrises Limited	Hong Kong	International trade services	30,358	30,358	1,000	100.00%	37,791	100.00%	4,729	4,729	"
"	Great South Private Limited	Singapore	Investment holding	37,946	35,517	1,700	100.00%	16,741	100.00%	1,260	1,260	"
"	India Tindivandam Footwear Private Limited	India	Manufacturing of athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear and footwear accessories	1,748,180	1,052,345	462,007,96 7	95.85%	1,383,147	95.85%	(299,279)	(282,721)	Subsidiary (Note 3&5)
Growth-Li nk Overseas Company Limited	VX Mold Company Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	16,394	16,394	372,000	93.00%	280,311	93.00%	217,825	202,577	Subsidiary (Note 5)
Limited "	VX Holdings Limited	"	Investment holding	311,237	311,237	36,342	44.87%	839,771	44.87%	145,161	65,129	Investee under the equity method (Note 5)
"	Dona Pacific Holdings Limited	"	Investment holding	408,343	408,343	23,000	92.00%	1,660,970	92.00%	469,344	431,797	Subsidiary (Note 5)
"	Shoe Majesty Co., Ltd.	"	Investment holding	263,363	263,363	8,580	28.60%	781,005	28.60%	324,642	92,848	Investee under the equity method
"	Dona Orient Holdings Limited	"	Investment holding	2,155,522	2,155,522	64,483	59.03%	6,417,829	59.03%	1,271,049	750,300	Subsidiary (Note 5)
"	Lotus Footwear Enterprises Limited	"	Investment holding business, and manufacturing and selling of finished shoes	2,227,289	2,227,289	34,020	88.00%	4,385,138	88.00%	495,823	436,325	"
"	PT Rich Valley Indonesia	Indonesia	Manufacturing of athletic shoes, casual shoes, semi-finished footwear and footwear accessories	23	23	10	0.01%	23	0.01%	(3,024)	-	Investee under the equity method (Note 5)
"	PT Feng Tay Indonesia Enterprises	"	Manufacturing of athletic shoes, casual shoes, semi-finished footwear and footwear accessories	23	23	1	0.01%	22	0.01%	(99,820)	(2)	"
"	Cheyyar SEZ Developers Private Ltd.	India	Development in India's Industrial Park	-	-	1	0.01%	-	0.01%	67,136	-	"
VX Holdings Limited	Dona Victor Footwear Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Manufacturing of athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear, and footwear accessories	1,079,738	1,079,738	Note 4	100.00%	1,869,378	100.00%	145,968	145,968	Subsidiary (Note 5)
Shoe Majesty Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong Shoe Majesty Trading Company Limited	Hong Kong	International trade services	6,547	6,547	200	100.00%	165,800	100.00%	52,135	52,135	Subsidiary
"	Vietnam Shoe Majesty Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Manufacturing footwear products	1,211,195		Note 4	100.00%	2,508,926		276,135	276,135	"
Dona Orient Holdings Limited	Vietnam Dona Orient Co., Ltd.	"	Manufacturing of athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear, and footwear accessories	1,440,340	1,440,340	"	100.00%	2,751,708	100.00%	938,195	938,195	Subsidiary (Note 5)

Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Main businesses and products	Original in amou		Balance as of December 31, 2024		Highest balance during the year Percentage of ownership	Net income (losses) of investee	Share of profits/los ses of investee	Note (Note 6)	
				December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Shares	Percentage of ownership	Carrying value				
Dona Orient Holdings Limited	Vietnam Dona Standard Footwear Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Manufacturing of athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear, and footwear accessories	2,478,040	2,478,040	Note 4	100.00%	5,548,388	100.00%	796,973	796,973	Subsidiary (Note 5)
"	Vung Tau Orient Co., Ltd.	"	Producing golf balls, soccer balls, and backpack, bags	1,185,767	923,887	n	100.00%	1,061,897	100.00%	(85,600)	(85,600)	"
Dona Orient Holdings Limited	Vietnam Nam Ha Footwear Company Limited	"	Manufacturing of athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear, and footwear accessories	2,029,570	2,029,570	"	100.00%	1,507,035	100.00%	(377,776)	(377,776)	Subsidiary (Note 5)
VX Mold Company Limited	Dona Victor Molds Mfg. Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Manufacturing and repair of molds, cutting dies, and processing of metal parts	101,479	101,479	Note 4	100.00%	298,604	100.00%	218,516	218,516	"
Dona Pacific Holdings Limited	Dona Pacific (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Manufacturing of athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear, and footwear accessories	654,700	654,700	Note 4	100.00%	1,804,173	100.00%	470,050	470,050	Subsidiary (Note 5)
	Cheyyar SEZ Developers Private Limited	India	Development in India's Industrial Park	3,924,716	3,924,716	117,999,99 9	99.99%	3,054,203	99.99%	67,136	67,136	Subsidiary (Note 5)
"	East Wind Footwear Company Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding and production of athletic shoes	535,899	541,182	9,751	100.00%	941,719	100.00%	157,958	157,958	"
"	Fairway Enterprises Company Limited	"	Investment holding and production of athletic shoes	1,499,044	1,499,044	29,501	100.00%	1,791,409	100.00%	222,661	222,661	"

- Note 1: Includes overseas undertakings invested by the Company and re-investment of the overseas undertakings.
- Note 2: Carrying value refers to ending balance of investment recognized using the equity method, including investment gains or losses, and cumulative translation adjustments.
- Note 3: Based on the unreviewed financial statements as of December 31, 2024.
- Note 4: Unissued shares of the Vietnamese entities.
- Note 5: Included in the consolidated financial statements.
- Note 6: Represents the relationship between the investor and the investee.
- Note 7: The difference between the investee company's profit or loss for the current period and the investment income recognized by the investing company for the current period is mainly due to the realization of sales gross profit.

(c) Information on investment in mainland China

i. The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

	1	1	ı		ı — — —		I	ı	1	(I	inew Taiwa	
Name of	Main businesses	Total amount of	Method of	Accumulated outflow of investment	Investme	ent flows	Accumulated outflow of investment	Net income (losses) of the	Percentage	Highest	Investment income	Book value	Accumulated remittance of
investee	and products	capital surplus (Note 7)	investment	from Taiwan as of January 1, 2024 (Note 7)	Outflow	Inflow	from Taiwan as of December 31, 2024 (Note 7)	investee (Note 8)	of ownership	Percentage of ownership during the year	(losses) (Note 3 and 8)	(Note 7)	earnings in current period (Note 8)
Feng Department	Wholesale and retail of general merchandise, and related services.	147,308	Note 1	179,373	-	-	179,373	7,540	50.00%	50.00%	3,770	29,989	108,586
Company	Manufacturing and repair of molds, cutting dies, shoe lasts, injections, and processing of metal parts.	98,205	"	157,235	-	-	157,235	239,098	50.34%	50.34%	120,350	200,175	1,398,615
Limited	Producing athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear, and footwear accessories.	491,025	"	185,681	-	-	185,681	209,097	77.50%	77.50%	162,050	684,478	1,172,299
Fujian San Feng Footwear Company Limited	Producing athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear, and footwear accessories.	491,025	"	297,094	-	-	297,094	150,750	68.00%	68.00%	102,510	427,718	1,133,574
Fujian Da Feng Holdings Company Limited	Investment holding.	883,845	"	916,951	-	-	916,951	453,070	70.00%	70.00%	317,149	1,868,317	7,097,258
Footwear Company Limited	Production of athletic shoes, casual shoes, semi-finished footwear, footwear accessories, protective gear, and other supporting products.	260,243	"	438,142	-	-	438,142	94,775	84.73%	84.73%	80,307	361,408	787,735
Developme	Producing athletic shoes, semi-finished footwear, and footwear accessories.	491,025	Note 2	-	_	-	-	196,400	70.00%	70.00%	137,480	484,280	-
Yufeng	Manufacturing and processing of plastic products.	83,891	"	-	-	-	-	70,744	66.07%	66.07%	46,737	177,249	-

ii. Upper limit on investment in Mainland China

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2024 (Note 4 and 7)	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA (Note 5 and 7)	Upper Limit on Investment (Note 6)
2,174,476	2,964,238	17,297,329

- Note 1: Indirect investment in the Company located in Mainland China through an existing company registered in the third region.
- Note 2: Investment in companies in Mainland China through the existing companies registered in Mainland China.
- Note 3: Recognized profit and loss from investment for the current period is based on the financial statements reviewed by the parent company's certified public accountants.
- Note 4: The cumulative investment amount has been deducted by capital increase from retained earnings of USD 3,939,943, capital repatriation of USD 20,185,981, but not yet deducted the cumulative amount of profit repatriation from Mainland China authorized by the Investment Commission of USD 364,251,035.
- Note 5: The authorized investment amount is the original investment amounts authorized by investment Commission.
- Note 6: The higher of the 60 % of net or combined net value, as calculated based on the upper limit stipulated in "Regulations Governing the Examination of Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China" amended by the Investment Commission on August 29, 2008.
- Note 7: Calculated based on the closing exchange rate of 32.735 on December 31, 2024.
- Note 8: Calculated based on the average closing exchange rate of 32.1154 between January and the end of December 2024.

iii Significant transactions:

The significant inter-company transactions with the subsidiary in Mainland China, which were eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in "Information on significant transactions".

(d) Major shareholders

Shareholding Shareholder's Name	Shares	Percentage
WANG LIOU, MEI-HUEI	106,873,822	10.82 %
CHEN, HUI-LING	63,890,013	6.46 %

Note: The main shareholder information in this table is based on the last business day at the end of each quarter set by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation to calculate the shares of those shareholders who hold more than 5% of the Company's ordinary shares that have been delivered without physical registration.

(14) Segment information

(a) General information

The Group has reportable department, footwear manufacturing and sales department, which mainly engaged in the production and sales of various sports shoes. Other departments are mainly engaged in the manufacturing of sports balls and bags.

The Group's operating segment information and reconciliation are as follows:

	Do	epartment of				
	m	anufacturing	Other	Reconciliation		
	and	l selling shoes	Departments	and elimination	Total	
2024	_					
Revenue						
Revenue from external customers	\$	83,370,220	4,117,250	-	87,487,470	
Intersegment revenues		77,973,026	3,859,874	(81,832,900)		
Total revenue	\$	161,343,246	7,977,124	(81,832,900)	87,487,470	
Interest expenses	\$	255,297	29,674	(998)	283,973	
Depreciation and amortization		3,111,998	209,010	(151,275)	3,169,733	
Share of profit (loss) of associates	,					
and joint ventures accounted for	•	2,977,634	-	(2,818,559)	159,075	
using equity method						
Impairment of assets		33,754	-	-	33,754	
Reportable segment profit or loss	\$	8,669,505	(22,069)	(65,390)	8,582,046	

	Do	epartment of			
	m	anufacturing	Other	Reconciliation	
	and	l selling shoes	Departments	and elimination	Total
2023	-				
Revenue					
Revenue from external customers	\$	81,555,888	4,211,376	-	85,767,264
Intersegment revenues		76,812,917	3,168,233	(79,981,150)	
Total revenue	\$	158,368,805	7,379,609	(79,981,150)	85,767,264
Interest expenses	\$	228,101	25,188	(1,169)	252,120
Depreciation and amortization		2,800,066	180,174	(153,269)	2,826,971
Share of profit (loss) of associates					
and joint ventures accounted for		1,808,916	-	(1,731,665)	77,251
using equity method					
Impairment of assets		5,914	17	-	5,931
Reportable segment profit or loss	\$	7,144,907	(73,982)	10,154	7,081,079

The material reconciling items of the above reportable segment are as below:

Total reportable segment revenue after deducting the intersegment revenue was \$81,832,900 thousand in 2024 (2023: \$98,170,712 thousand)

(b) Product and service information

Revenue from the external customers of the Group was as follows:

Product and services	 2024	2023
Manufacturing and sales of shoes	\$ 83,370,220	81,555,888
Others	 4,117,250	4,211,376
Total	\$ 87,487,470	85,767,264

(c) Geographic information

In presenting information on the basis of geography, segment revenue is based on the geographical location of customers, please refer to Note (6)(q), and non-current assets are based on the geographical location of the assets.

Geographical information	 2024	2023
Non-current assets:		
Vietnam	\$ 9,665,297	9,700,700
India	7,154,196	6,460,316
Taiwan	4,053,540	3,642,230
Mainland China	2,412,671	2,227,183
Indonesia	2,949,036	2,961,317
Other countries	 38,358	65,931
Total	\$ 26,273,098	25,057,677

Non-current assets include property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment property, intangible assets, and other non-current assets, excluding financial instruments, deferred tax assets and refundable deposits.

(d) Major customers

_	2024	2023
A customer of shoe manufacturing and sales division \$	75,278,780	73,037,395